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INDA	Patriotic Exercises
INDB	Flag and Motto Displays
ING	Animals in the Schools
ING-R	Regulation: Animals in the Schools

INSTRUCTIONAL GOALS

The goals of the instructional program are considered guides rather than limits that are flexible enough to meet the changing needs of both students and society for all grade levels and subject areas.

The District's instructional goals include:

1. helping meet the physical, intellectual and emotional needs of students, particularly the need to inquire, learn, think and create;

2. helping students establish aesthetic, moral and ethical values;

3. helping students relate satisfactorily to others in circumstances involving their families, work, government and recreation;

4. giving students a mastery of the basic skills of learning, thinking, problem solving, reading, writing and computation;

5. teaching students to use the various media of self-expression;

6. instilling in students a knowledge of the social and natural sciences;

7. acquainting students with the richness of the national heritage;

8. stimulating students to work productively in the various areas of human endeavor and

9. acknowledging the importance of, and relating appropriately to, the home and other social agencies in developing the habits and attitudes that make for effective personal living and the maintenance of optimum physical and mental health.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: Ohio Const. Art. VI, Section 2
OAC 3301-35-06

CROSS REFS.: ADA, Educational Philosophy
AE, School District Goals and Objectives
AFE, Evaluation of Instructional Programs (Also IM)
AFI, Evaluation of Educational Resources

INSTRUCTIONAL OBJECTIVES

Instructors shall identify skills, knowledge and attitudes crucial to the student's successful movement to the next level of learning within each subject area and at each grade level.

A standards-based curriculum is developed and implemented according to state academic content standards and the requirements established by the Ohio Administrative Code.

Courses of study are reviewed and updated as needed under the supervision of the Superintendent/designee. This evaluation considers the achievement of learning objectives and learning outcomes. This evaluation promotes and guides appropriate revision and updating. The evaluated course of study is presented to the Board for adoption or re-adoption.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: OAC 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06

CROSS REFS.: ADA, Educational Philosophy
AE, School District Goals and Objectives
AFE, Evaluation of Instructional Programs (Also IM)
IA, Instructional Goals

ACADEMIC FREEDOM

Public education in a pluralistic society must strive to present, as objectively as possible, varied events, activities and perceptions reflected in history, literature and other sources of humanity's thought and expression. A major goal of education in a free society is to develop persons who can think critically, understand their culture, live compassionately with others, make sound decisions and live with the consequences of their judgment. Because points of view differ and biases exist, students must have access to materials that express this diversity of perspective.

It is the responsibility of the teacher to make certain that such access to materials presenting various sides of an issue is available. Teachers must take into account the age and relative maturity of their students and the need for guidance and help in studying issues and arriving at balanced views.

The right of teachers to teach certain subjects or to employ certain teaching methods may be restricted by the Board where such subjects or methods are deemed by the Board and/or District administrators to be educationally unsound, inappropriate for the age or maturity level of the students, or irrelevant to any valid educational objective. All instruction must conform to state academic content standards and the District's adopted courses of study. The right to free speech protected by the First Amendment does not extend to the in-class curricular speech of teachers made pursuant to their official duties. Accordingly, teacher speech in the classroom may be subject to reasonable controls as to appropriateness.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

CROSS REFS.: AC, Nondiscrimination
EDE, Computer/Online Services (Acceptable Use and Internet Safety)
INB, Teaching About Controversial Issues
JB, Equal Educational Opportunities

CONTRACT REF.: Teachers' Negotiated Agreement

SCHOOL YEAR/SCHOOL CALENDAR

The school calendar for the following school year is prepared by the Superintendent and presented to the Board for approval. The number of hours scheduled for students meets or exceeds the requirements of State law.

The calendar sets forth the days and hours schools are in session, holidays, vacation periods, in-service training days, teacher orientation days and days of reports to parents.

In preparing the calendar, the Superintendent may provide opportunities for members of the staff to offer suggestions before recommending a calendar to the Board for final consideration and adoption.

In accordance with State law, prior to making any changes to scheduled days or hours, the Board works with career-technical schools in which any of the District's high school students are enrolled, and community schools and chartered nonpublic schools to which the District is required to transport students.

The number of hours in each school year that school is scheduled to be open for instruction will not be reduced from the number of hours per year school was open for instruction during the previous school year, unless the reduction is approved by a Board-adopted resolution.

At least 30 days before adoption, the Board holds a public hearing on the school calendar, addressing topics including the total number of hours in the school year, length of the school day, and beginning and end dates of instruction.

Activities listed on the official activities calendar are the only officially approved activities sanctioned by principals, the Superintendent and the Board. Activities that are not on this calendar and are omitted through oversight, lack of advanced planning by staff, athletic leagues or other outside groups, or for some other acceptable reason, may be added. Such requests must be approved by the Superintendent.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]
[Re-adoption date: October 14, 2014]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3313.48; 3313.62; 3313.63

CROSS REF.: EBCD, Emergency Closings

CONTRACT REF.: Teachers' Negotiated Agreement

SCHOOL DAY

"School day" is defined as the time during a calendar day that a school is open for instruction pursuant to the Board-adopted schedule. It is the responsibility of the Board to establish the beginning and dismissal times at the various grade levels.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]
[Re-adoption date: October 14, 2014]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3313.48; 3313.481

CROSS REF.: EBCD, Emergency Closings

CONTRACT REF.: Teachers' Negotiated Agreement

ORGANIZATION OF FACILITIES FOR INSTRUCTION

The Board recognizes that the grouping of grades and services within the facilities of the District can promote the efficient operation of the District and help achieve a more effective instructional program.

The housing of grade levels in school facilities and the administration of the instructional program is according to plans developed by the Superintendent and administrative staff, and approved by the Board.

Modifications in the organizational plan of each school may be made by the Board upon the recommendation of the Superintendent. The Superintendent continually monitors the effectiveness of the organizational plan and recommends to the Board modifications in the plan that are in the best interest of students; provides for the equivalency of instructional materials, equipment and personnel and makes the wisest use of resources and personnel to serve the educational goals of the Board.

The organization of facilities may be re-organized to comply with the provisions of No Child Left Behind.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: The Elementary and Secondary Education Act; 20 USC 1221 et seq.
ORC 3311.29
3313.53; 3313.531; 3313.641
OAC 3301-35-02; 3301-35-03; 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06; 3301-35-07; 3301-35-09

CROSS REFS.: IGBI, Limited English Proficiency
IHA, Grouping for Instruction
JECBD, Intradistrict Open Enrollment

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

Continuing curriculum study and development are necessary in order to ensure that the District meets the needs of the students in its schools.

Curriculum planning is based on the educational philosophy and goals approved by the Board. Specific objectives are developed by the staff and input from parents, community members and other stakeholders is considered by the Board. Such planning must also take into consideration the legal requirements for students in basic subjects.

To ensure improved instruction as a result of curriculum changes, there must be close coordination between new curriculum development and current instruction - program and process - and their evaluation. There must be coordination across subject areas and articulation of programs between grade levels. Implementation of new or revised curriculum must be closely coordinated with staff development programs.

The Superintendent/designee is responsible for authorizing curriculum studies and for establishing curriculum councils and advisory committees as needed.

The Board expects all certificated staff to work together in evaluating the educational program and recommending additions and changes in courses, programs and instructional approaches. All staff members have a professional obligation to the educational program, including responsibility for working on curriculum committees. The certificated staff is expected to play an active role in curriculum development.

The Superintendent/designee provides the Board with reports on the curriculum and on the work of curriculum committees and recommends courses and programs for adoption by the Board.

[Re-adoption date: October 22, 2013]
[Re-adoption date: October 28, 2014]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3313.21; 3313.212
OAC 3301-35-02; 3301-35-03; 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06

CROSS REF.: ABA, Community Involvement in Decision Making (Also KC)
ABB, Staff Involvement in Decision Making (Also GBB)
AFI, Evaluation of Educational Resources
BCF, Advisory Committees to the Board

CONTRACT REF.: Teachers' Negotiated Agreement

CURRICULUM ADOPTION

An effective curriculum requires continuous development, implementation, evaluation and improvement. The Board expects the professional staff to implement courses of study that promote the educational goals of the District and comply with legal requirements.

Legal responsibility for adoption of curriculum resides with the Board. The Board assigns responsibility for curriculum development to the Superintendent. The Board considers and acts on new courses and programs as recommended by the Superintendent. It officially approves courses of study for all subjects as required by State and Federal law.

The Superintendent supervises the evaluation of the curriculum. Courses of study are reviewed and updated as needed. After evaluation, courses of study are presented to the Board for adoption or re-adoption. The Board may initiate studies of prospective new courses and curriculum revisions.

[Adoption date: October 28, 2014]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3301.07
3313.21; 3313.212
3313.60; 3313.602; 3313.90
OAC 3301-35-02; 3301-35-03; 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06

BASIC CURRICULAR PROGRAM

Because education is a lifelong process, the educational program provides a curriculum that serves the general academic needs of all students and presents opportunities for individual students to develop specific talents and interests in career-technical and other specialized fields and to grow toward independent learning.

The curriculum provides a balanced, integrated and sequentially articulated foundation of understandings, attitudes and knowledge needed for living in a democracy and pursuing a career and life goals. Standards are established according to State law.

The basic curricular program is viewed as important to the development of intellectual curiosity, critical thinking, problem-solving abilities and aesthetic appreciation, which serves the student during his/her school experiences and throughout life.

The curriculum responds to the wide range of developmental needs, learning styles, abilities and English proficiency by providing a variety of materials, curricular adjustments and courses adapted to the special needs of individual students.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]
[Re-adoption date: October 10, 2017]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3301.07
3313.53; 3313.60; 3313.604; 3313.6021
OAC 3301-35-02; 3301-35-03; 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06

CROSS REFS.: EBBA, First Aid
IB, Academic Freedom
INB, Teaching About Controversial Issues

HUMAN RELATIONS EDUCATION

This Board fosters good human relations dealing with race, color, national origin, citizenship status, ancestry, religion, sex, economic status, age, disability or military status through its instructional programs, its student activities and the classroom environment.

The Board encourages and supports the following approaches to human relations education.

1. The curriculum for all students in grades kindergarten through 12 presents in context the accomplishments and contributions of the races and cultures of our world.

2. Methods and techniques of classroom teaching emphasize the similarities and likenesses of people of various backgrounds and cultures.

3. The staff refreshes its awareness of the fact that the public schools are among the primary instruments for improving human relations through in-service training.

4. The schools work for an integration of ideas, people and material resources to provide the best education to meet the demands of our society.

5. The schools strive to develop a positive self-image in each student's thinking. They:

   A. recognize the dignity and worth of the individual;

   B. provide students with the opportunity to acquire as broad an education as the student's capacity permits and

   C. stimulate the development of respect for the laws of this country.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC Chapter 4112
5903.01(G)
OAC 3301-35-04(B)(1)(b)

CROSS REFS.: AC, Nondiscrimination
ACA, Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Sex
ACB, Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Disability
JB, Equal Educational Opportunities

TEACHING ABOUT RELIGION

Schools must be neutral in matters of religion. The District must show no preference for one religion over another and must refrain from the promotion of any religion.

It is the responsibility of the public schools to foster mutual understanding and respect for all individuals and beliefs. In pursuing this goal, teaching in the public schools should recognize that holidays are observed differently by different religious groups. Teachers should also respect the fact that some individuals' beliefs do not include religious observances.

Teaching about religious holidays or about religion in general should:

1. be objective;
2. avoid any doctrinal impact and
3. avoid any implication that religious doctrines have the support of school authority.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: The Elementary and Secondary Education Act; 20 USC 1221 et seq.
U.S. Const. Amend. I
ORC 3313.601

CROSS REFS.: INB, Teaching About Controversial Issues
IND, School Ceremonies and Observances
JB, Equal Educational Opportunities

CAREER-TECHNICAL EDUCATION

The schools should provide education that is pertinent to the practical aspects of life and prepares students to make the transition from the school setting to the world of work. Therefore, the Board supports the inclusion of career-technical education in the basic curriculum.

Career-technical education is a program that enables each student to gain career awareness and to explore career opportunities in all fields so that he/she can make informed decisions about his/her future occupations.

The Board charges the administration with the responsibility for implementation of the career-technical education program in the schools.

Career-technical education is a concept that can be taught in the classroom at all grade levels. In grades seven through 12, it specifically incorporates career exploration, career guidance and career-technical education opportunities. The latter are designed to equip students to enter postsecondary occupational education programs and/or specific occupations directly from high school.

Career-technical education is available as an integral part of the curriculum at the secondary level. It is geared to technological and economic conditions and changes, and, as a core component of comprehensive education, shares with other aspects of the high school curriculum the purpose of development of character, attitudes and skills. Guidance and counseling services are provided to each student throughout his/her program.

In an effort to meet the changing needs of the global, high-tech workforce, educational programs offered to secondary school students, adults, postgraduates and others desiring to obtain necessary workforce skills are established in accordance with State law and the Ohio Administrative Code.

The educational program is administered by the Superintendent/designee.

Fees may be charged to students, as established by the Board, to pay for materials they use in these courses and programs.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]
[Re-adoption date: October 28, 2014]
[Re-adoption date: June 26, 2018]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC Chapter 3303
3311.16; 3311.17; 3311.18; 3311.19
3313.53; 3313.56; 3313.90; 3313.901; 3313.91; 3313.911
3317.024; 3317.16; 3317.17
OAC Chapter 3301-35-04
3301-61

CROSS REFS: JN, Student Fees, Fines and Charges
LB, Relations with Other Schools and Educational Institutions

NOTE: This category may be used for career education, technical education, or both. If you do not wish to combine policies in these areas, as was done above, add a new subcode to the IGAD sequence for file purposes.

If a district participates in a joint vocational school district or other cooperative programs, the details of such programs are more appropriately filed under LBB, Cooperative Educational Programs.

House Bill (HB) 487 (2014) revised district requirements for provision of career-technical education. Ohio Revised Code 3313.90 as revised specifies career-technical education is to be provided to students in grades seven through 12. Districts may request a waiver from the requirements to provide this education to students in grade seven and eight. This waiver is obtained by adopting a resolution specifying the district's intent not to provide career-technical education to students in grade seven and eight for a particular school. This resolution must be submitted to the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) by September 30, for the specific school year. Upon receipt of the resolution, ODE will grant the waiver for the particular school year.

HB 393 (2014) requires ODE to post and maintain on its website, an online education and career planning tool to help students develop education and career plans. By September 30, annually, ODE is required to distribute information on the planning tool to all public high schools. Each high school will be required to share this information annually with parents and students by April 1.

HEALTH EDUCATION

The Board is committed to a sound, comprehensive health education program as an integral part of each student's general education. At a minimum, the health education program meets the requirements established by State law and includes instruction in nutrition; drugs, alcohol and tobacco; venereal disease; personal safety and assault prevention (grades K-6); dating violence prevention (grades 7-12); prescription opioid abuse prevention and anatomical gifts.

The Board believes that the greatest opportunity for effective health education lies with the public schools because of the opportunity to reach almost all students at an age when positive, lifelong health, wellness and safety habits may be instilled.

The health education program emphasizes a contemporary approach to the presentation of health, wellness and safety information, skills and knowledge necessary for students to understand the functioning and proper care of the human body and tools for recognizing the characteristics of healthy relationships and the warning signs of dating violence.

In an effort to promote a relevant approach to the instruction of health education, the Board continues to stress the need for curricular, personnel and financial commitments to ensure a health education program of high quality in the public schools.

[Adoption date: March 10, 2015]
[Re-adoption date: February 14, 2017]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3313.60; 3313.666
3319.073
OAC 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06

CROSS REFS.: EB, Safety Program
EBC, Emergency Management and Safety Plans
EFG, Student Wellness Program
IGAF, Physical Education
IGAG, Drugs, Alcohol and Tobacco Education
IGAH, Family Life Education
IGAI, Sex Education
JFC, Student Conduct (Zero Tolerance)
JFCF, Hazing and Bullying (Harassment, Intimidation and Dating Violence)
JHF, Student Safety
JHG, Reporting Child Abuse

NOTE: According to State law, the study of health education must include instruction in:

1. *the nutritive value of foods, including natural and organically produced foods, the relation of nutrition to health and the use and effects of food additives;*

2. *the harmful effects of and legal restrictions against the use of drugs of abuse, alcoholic beverages and tobacco;*

3. *venereal disease education (students may be excused from this instruction with a written request by parents);*

4. *personal safety and assault prevention for students in kindergarten through grade six (students may be excused from this instruction with a written request by parents);*

5. *age-appropriate instruction in dating violence prevention for students in grades 7 through 12 that must include recognizing the warning signs of dating violence and the characteristics of healthy relationships;*

6. *prescription opioid abuse prevention, with an emphasis on the prescription drug epidemic and the connection between prescription opioid abuse and addiction to other drugs, such as heroin and*

7. *the process of making an anatomical gift, with an emphasis on the life-saving and life-enhancing effects of organ and tissue donation.*

In addition, upon written request to the building principal and within a reasonable amount of time, a parent of a student under 18 years old may examine the school's dating prevention materials at the school.

Although it is not required to do so, districts may want to include other topics in their comprehensive health education instruction program, such as first aid, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, bloodborne pathogens, etc. If adding these topics, add these policies in the cross-references:

EBBA, First Aid
EBBC, Bloodborne Pathogens
EBC, Emergency Management and Safety Plans
GBEA, HIV/AIDS (Human Immunodeficiency Virus/Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome) (Also JHCCA)

DRUGS, ALCOHOL AND TOBACCO EDUCATION

The Board views with concern the serious implications of drug, alcohol and tobacco use by students. In keeping with its primary responsibility, the education of youth, the Board charges the staff to continue to investigate the causes of student involvement with drugs and alcohol and to develop suitable preventive measures whenever feasible.

The Board and the staff continue to seek ways to educate students about the dangers of the misuse and abuse of drugs, alcohol and tobacco. Instructional units include sessions about the causes and effects of drug, alcohol and tobacco abuse, especially in young people.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC Chapter 2925
3313.60; 3313.95
OAC 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06

CROSS REFS.: JFCG, Tobacco Use by Students
JFCH, Alcohol Use by Students
JFCI, Student Drug Abuse

FAMILY LIFE EDUCATION/SEX EDUCATION

The Board believes that the purpose of family life and sex education is to help students acquire factual knowledge, attitudes and values that result in behavior that contributes to the well-being of the individual, the family and society.

Helping students attain a mature and responsible attitude toward human sexuality is a continuous task of every generation. Parents have the primary responsibility to assist their children in developing moral values. The schools should support and supplement parents' efforts in these areas by offering students factual information and opportunities to discuss concerns, issues and attitudes.

In addition to the requirements listed below, the policies and regulations concerning the approval of new curriculum content, units and materials apply to any course(s) dealing with family life and sex education.

1. Instructional materials to be used in family life/sex education are available for review by parents during school hours.

2. If, after review of materials used and a conference with the instructor and principal, a parent requests that his/her child not participate in a given aspect of the course, an alternate educational assignment is arranged for that student with the approval of the principal.

3. Teachers who provide age-appropriate instruction in family life/sex education have professional preparation in the subject area.

4. Instruction in sex education emphasizes the health benefits of abstinence.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: The Elementary and Secondary Education Act; 20 USC 1221 et seq.
ORC 3313.60
OAC 3301-35-04

CROSS REF.: IGAE, Health Education

PROGRAMS FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

All students with disabilities living within the District are identified, evaluated and placed in appropriate educational programs. This includes children for whom the District is the district of residence who are being held or have been court ordered to juvenile detention centers or children who have been committed to community correctional facilities. Additionally, all parentally placed private school children with disabilities who reside in a state other than Ohio and attend a private school within the District are located, identified and evaluated. Due process requirements, procedural safeguards and confidential treatment of information are adhered to as required by State and Federal law.

The Superintendent is expected to supervise all special education programs and to assign a member of the staff to coordinate efforts. The person designated is responsible for the identification of students with disabilities, the evaluation of disabilities and evaluation procedures, the design of Individualized Education Programs (IEP), plans and placement. All procedures are in accordance with State and Federal law.

The IEP determined for each identified student is developed in accordance with the student's individual needs. The plan provides for reevaluation of the student's needs, progress and effectiveness of the program being offered.

Although the District requires all students with disabilities to be tested, each student with a disability is considered individually relative to his/her participation in the District's educational and testing programs. Alternative assessments may be required. Students must make yearly gains toward closing the achievement gap as defined by the State Board of Education performance targets.

The Board, by resolution, directs the administration to comply with and follow the Ohio Department of Education, Office of Exceptional Children's model special education policies and procedures.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]
[Re-adoption date: July 12, 2016]
[Re-adoption date: January 10, 2018]

LEGAL REFS.: The Elementary and Secondary Education Act; 20 USC 1221 et seq.
Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act; 20 USC 1400 et seq.
Rehabilitation Act; 29 USC 706(8), 794, 794a
504 Regulations 34 C.F.R. Part 104
504 Regulations 34 C.F.R.300.131
Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008; 42 USC 12101 et seq.
State Department of Education, Special Education Policies and Procedures,
Free Appropriate Public Education-101
ORC 3313.50
3323.01 et seq.
3325.01 et seq.
OAC Chapter 3301-51
3301-55-01

CROSS REFS.: ACB, Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Disability
IGBJ, Title I Programs
IL, Testing Programs
JB, Equal Educational Opportunities
JGF, Discipline of Students with Disabilities
KBA, Public's Right to Know

NOTE: Ohio's Operating Standards for Ohio Educational Agencies Serving Children with Disabilities ("Operating Standards") require districts to adopt written policies and procedures regarding the education of children with disabilities. In July 2009, the Ohio Department of Education, Office of Exceptional Children made available the department's model special education policies and procedures. These model special education policies and procedures do not need to be adopted in its entirety as board policy. Instead, a board of education should pass a resolution directing district administrators to comply with and follow ODE's model special education policies and procedures. This policy should be amended to include a paragraph that provides that the board, by resolution, directs the administration to comply with and follow the model special education policies and procedures.

PROGRAMS FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

As an expression of its commitment to provide a Free Appropriate Public Education (FAPE) for students with disabilities in accordance with Federal and State laws, rules and regulations, the Board does hereby resolve to implement the following.

1. Child Identification

   Ongoing efforts are made to identify, locate and evaluate children below 22 years of age who reside within the District and have a confirmed or suspected disability in accordance with all federal regulations and state standards. This includes children for whom the District is the district of residence who are being held or have been court ordered to juvenile detention centers or children who have been committed to community correctional facilities. Additional efforts are made to identify, locate and evaluate all parentally-placed school children who reside outside of the state, attend a private school within the District and have a confirmed or suspected disability.

2. Procedural Safeguards

   The child with a disability and his/her parent(s) are provided with safeguards, as required by law, throughout the identification, evaluation and placement process and the provision of a FAPE to the child.

3. Multi-Factored Evaluation

   The District provides a multi-factored evaluation for children with disabilities by ensuring that children are assessed in their native language or other mode of communication. Tests are used for their validated purposes. Children are evaluated in all areas related to their suspected disability. Testing is conducted by a multidisciplinary team. Testing materials and procedures are not racially or culturally biased. Tests are administered by trained personnel qualified in accordance with all federal regulations and state standards and in conformance with the instructions provided by the producer. Medical evaluation, when required as part of the multi-factored evaluation, is provided at no cost to the parent(s) by a licensed physician designated by the Superintendent/designee when other no-cost resources are not available.

4. Individualized Education Program

   An Individualized Education Program (IEP) is developed for each child with a disability who needs special education. The IEP is designed to meet the unique educational needs of the child and developed in a planning conference. The parent(s) of the child are strongly encouraged to participate in the planning conference. The IEP is reviewed and revised as often as necessary, but at least annually.

5. Least Restrictive Environment

The education of children with disabilities occurs in the least restrictive environment. Special education programs and services are appropriate and designed to meet the unique needs of each child with a disability. To the maximum extent appropriate, children with disabilities, including children in public or private institutions or other care facilities, are educated with children who do not have disabilities. Special classes, separate schooling or other removal of children with disabilities from the regular educational environment occur only when the nature or severity of the disability is such that education in regular classes with the use of supplementary aids and services cannot be achieved satisfactorily.

6. Confidentiality of Data

The confidentiality of personally identifiable data relating to children with disabilities and their parents and families is protected at collection, storage, disclosure and destruction. One official of the District is assigned the responsibility for protecting the confidentiality of personally identifiable data. The District follows all federal regulations and state standards related to the confidentiality of data.

7. Due Process

The District utilizes procedures that allow differences of opinion to be aired and resolved between parent(s) or agencies and the District. The procedures provide for utilization of case conferences, administrative reviews, impartial due process hearings, state-level appeals and appeals to the courts that involve the District's proposal or refusal to initiate or change the identification, evaluation or educational placement of the child or the provision of a FAPE to the child. Furthermore, the rights of children with disabilities are protected when the parents cannot be identified or located, when the child is a ward of the state or when the child is without a formally declared legal representative.

8. Surrogate Parent

Whenever the parent(s) of a child with a disability are not known or cannot be located, when the child is a ward of the state or when parents have otherwise lost legal decision-making abilities, the child's rights are protected through the assignment of an individual (who is not an employee of the state education agency, local education agency or other organization involved in the education or care of the child) who serves as the child's surrogate parent.

9. Testing Programs

Students with disabilities must participate in local and statewide testing programs. Individual exemptions, accommodations and participation in an alternate assessment are determined only during an IEP conference.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]
[Re-adoption date: July 12, 2016]
[Re-adoption date: January 10, 2018]

REMEDIAL INSTRUCTION
(Intervention Services)

The educational program is designed and operated to be developmentally appropriate and avoid the necessity for intervention services. In those cases in which students have clearly not demonstrated satisfactory progress toward attaining the academic standards for their grade level, efforts are made to remedy the condition and attain the learning results sought.

The Board directs the Superintendent/designee to ensure that classroom teachers of students in kindergarten through third grades annually assess and identify the reading skills of each student who is reading below grade level. The reading skills assessment is completed by September 30 for students in grades one through three, and by November 1 for students in kindergarten. The parent or guardian is notified of each student whose reading skills are below grade level and intervention services are provided to the student.

Students who are reading below grade level are provided intensive reading instruction immediately following the identification of a reading deficiency.

The District involves the student's parent(s) and classroom teacher in developing the intervention strategy and offers to the parent(s) the opportunity to be involved in the intervention.

Intervention services are also offered to students who:

1. score below the proficient level on a fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh or eighth grade achievement test and

2. are not demonstrating academic performance at their grade level based on the results of a diagnostic assessment.

Any student who scores at or below the proficient level on an Ohio Graduation Test must receive intervention services.

Certain specified students who are offered intervention services either after-hours or in summer classes are truant if they do not attend the intervention programs.

The Superintendent/designee is directed to maintain remedial instructional programs or intervention services that assist all students in meeting and maintaining minimum levels of student proficiency in communication and computation skills. These programs include procedures to evaluate student achievement related to the remedial program objectives and standards. Ongoing communication between teaching staff members and parents of students participating in remedial educational programs is coordinated by the Superintendent and the administrative staff.

The Superintendent is directed to evaluate the remedial education programs and report to the Board each school year as to their effectiveness in maintaining minimum levels of student proficiency.

[Adoption date: November 17, 2015]
[Re-adoption date: December 8, 2015]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3301.07; 3301.0710; 3301.0711(D); 3301.0712; 3301.0715
3313.608; 3313.609; 3313.6010; 3313.6012, 3314.03
OAC 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06

CROSS REFS.: IGBEA, Reading Skills Assessments and Intervention (Third Grade Reading Guarantee)
IKE, Promotion and Retention of Students

NOTE: This policy applies to community schools.

READING SKILLS ASSESSMENTS AND INTERVENTION
(Third Grade Reading Guarantee)

The Board believes in the importance of the development of English language skills. As a result the Board promotes the importance of reading skills through English diagnostic assessments and reading intervention services in order to provide a meaningful tool to identify and assist students in achieving proficiency in English language arts.

The District annually evaluates the English reading skills of each K-3 student, and identifies students who are reading below their grade level. The reading skills assessment is completed by September 30 for students in grades one through three, and by November 1 for students in kindergarten. The District uses the reading diagnostic assessment that is appropriate for the grade level and is adopted under State law or is a comparable tool approved by the Ohio Department of Education. The student's classroom teachers are involved in the assessment and identification of students reading below grade level. The assessment may be administered electronically using live, two-way video and audio connections whereby the teacher administering the assessment may be in a separate location from students.

The District provides written notification to the parents or guardian of students who are reading below their grade level. Intensive reading instruction is provided to students immediately after they are identified as having a reading deficiency. The District develops a reading improvement and monitoring plan within 60 days of receiving the student's diagnostic results.

For students who have been retained at the end of third grade, the District provides intense remediation services that include intensive interventions that address the student's specific areas of deficiency. Further, the District provides each retained student with a teacher who meets set criteria and offers the option for such students to receive applicable services from one or more providers other than the District.

Students who have been retained and who have demonstrated proficiency in a specific academic field as defined by State law are provided with instruction that is commensurate to their achievement level.

The Board designates the Superintendent/designee to establish a District policy for the midyear promotion of students who were retained but who now are reading at or above their grade level.

[Adoption date: November 17, 2015]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3301.07; 3301.0710; 3301.0711(D); 3301.0715; 3301.079; 3301.163
3313.608; 3313.609; 3313.6010; 3313.6012; 3324.01
OAC 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06

CROSS REFS.: IGBE, Remedial Instruction (Intervention Services)
IGBI, Limited English Proficiency
IKE, Promotion and Retention of Students

NOTE: This policy applies to community schools.

READING SKILLS ASSESSMENTS AND INTERVENTION
(Third Grade Reading Guarantee)

The District is required annually to assess the reading skills of each K-3 student, except those students with significant cognitive disabilities or other disabilities as authorized by the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) on a case-by-case basis. The reading skills assessment is completed by September 30 for students in grades one through three, and by November 1 for students in kindergarten. The District uses the diagnostic assessment to measure reading ability either approved under State law or a comparable tool that has been approved by ODE.

If the diagnostic assessment shows that a student is not reading at grade level, the District provides written notification to the parents or guardian that includes:

1. notice that the school has identified a substantial reading deficiency in their child;

2. a description of current services provided to the student;

3. a description of proposed supplemental instruction services and supports;

4. notice that the diagnostic assessment for third grade reading is not the sole determinant of promotion and that additional evaluations and assessments are available and

5. notice that the student will be retained unless the student falls under an exemption or attains the appropriate level of reading competency by the end of third grade.

For a student not reading at grade level, the District provides intensive reading instruction services and regular diagnostic assessments immediately following the identification of a reading deficiency until the development of the reading improvement and monitoring plan referenced below. These intervention services must:

1. include research-based reading strategies that have been shown to be successful in improving the reading skills of low-performing readers and

2. be targeted at the student's identified reading deficiencies.

For each student receiving required reading intervention, the District develops a reading improvement and monitoring plan. This plan is developed within 60 days of receiving the student's results on the diagnostic assessment. The plan includes all of the following:

1. identification of the student's specific reading deficiencies;

2. a description of additional instructional services that target the student's identified reading deficiencies;

3. opportunities for the student's parents or guardians to be involved in the instructional services;

4. a process to monitor the implementation of the student's instructional services;

5. a reading curriculum during regular school hours that assists students to read at grade level, provides for scientifically based and reliable assessments, and provides ongoing analysis of each student's reading progress and

6. a statement that if the student does not attain at least the equivalent level of achievement under Ohio Revised Code Section 3301.0710 by the end of third grade, the student will be retained.

For a student with a reading improvement and monitoring plan entering the third grade, the District provides a teacher who has at least one year of teaching experience and who satisfies one or more of the following criteria:

1. holds a reading endorsement on the teacher's license and has attained a passing score on the corresponding assessment for that endorsement, as applicable;

2. has completed a master's degree program with a major in reading;

3. was rated "most effective" for reading instruction consecutively for the most recent two years based on assessments of student growth measures developed by a vendor and that is on the list of student assessments approved by the State Board of Education (SBOE);

4. was rated "above expected value-added," in reading instruction, as determined by ODE for the most recent consecutive two years;

5. has earned a passing score on a rigorous test of principles of scientifically research-based reading instruction as approved by the SBOE or

6. holds an educator license for teaching grades pre-kindergarten through third or grades four through nine issued on or after July 1, 2017.

For a student with a reading improvement and monitoring plan entering the third grade, the District may provide a teacher who:

1. has less than one year of teaching experience provided that the teacher meets one or more of the criteria listed above and is assigned to a mentor teacher who has at least one year of teaching experience and meets one or more of the criteria above or

2. holds an alternative credential approved by ODE or who has successfully completed training that is based on principles of scientifically research-based reading instruction that has been approved by the department. The alternate credentials shall be aligned with the reading competencies adopted by the SBOE.

For a student with a reading improvement and monitoring plan entering the third grade, the District may provide:

1. reading intervention or remediation services under this section from an individual employed as a speech-language pathologist who holds a license issued by the Board of speech-language pathology and audiology and a professional pupil services license as a school speech-language pathologist issued by the SBOE and/or

2. a teacher, other than the student's teacher of record, to provide any services required under this section, so long as that other teacher meets the assigned teacher criteria above and the teacher of record and the school principal agree to the assignment. This assignment is documented in the student's reading improvement and monitoring plan.

For any student who is an English language learner and who has been in the U.S. for three years or less or for a student who has an individualized educational plan, a teacher may teach reading if the teacher holds an alternative credential approved by ODE or who has successfully completed training that is based on principles of scientifically research-based reading instruction that has been approved by ODE. The alternate credentials shall be aligned with the reading competencies adopted by the SBOE.

The District has specific responsibilities for a student who has been retained at the end of third grade. The District must:

1. Establish a District policy for the midyear promotion of a student who is reading at or above grade level that provides that a student who participates in remediation services and who demonstrates the required reading proficiency prior to the start of fourth grade will be promoted to that grade.

2. Provide intensive remediation that addresses the student's areas of deficiencies. This must include, but not be limited to, not less than 90 minutes of daily reading. In addition, the remediation may include any of the following:

   A. small group instruction
   B. reduced teacher-student ratios
   C. more frequent progress monitoring
   D. tutoring or mentoring
   E. transition classes containing third and fourth grade students
   F. extended school day, week or year
   G. summer reading camps

3. Provide a teacher who satisfies one or more of the criteria set forth above.

4. Offer the student the option to receive applicable services from one or more providers other than the District. These providers will be screened and approved by the District or by ODE.

5. Provide instruction that is commensurate to the achievement level for a retained student who has a demonstrated proficiency in a specific academic field as defined by State law.

Districts required to submit staffing plans do so in accordance with State law.

[Adoption date: November 17, 2015]

NOTE: *In 2013, House Bill (HB) 555 made changes to the Third Grade Reading Guarantee, most notably in the requirements for teachers assigned to students who have been retained in the third grade or students who have been assessed to have a substantial reading deficiency. HB 555 also requires school districts and community schools that cannot furnish the needed number of teachers to satisfy the above criteria by the bill's effective date to develop and submit a plan to the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) indicating the criteria that will be used to determine those teachers in the district or community school who will teach and how the teacher criteria will be satisfied. The school district or community school may include the option to contract with another school district or private provider that has been screened and approved by ODE to provide intervention services. If the plan is not approved by ODE by August 15, 2013, the school district or community school is required to use a private contractor from a list approved by ODE or contract with another district to provide intervention services. ODE will determine the manner in which the plan will be submitted.*

Senate Bill (SB) 21, also in 2013, made additional changes to the Third Grade Reading Guarantee, mainly in modifying the criteria for teachers assigned to students with a reading deficiency. Under these changes, more teachers will be able to instruct students who do not attain the equivalent level of achievement on the reading assessment. SB 21 also broadened the category of students excused from taking the assessment as well as expanded the category of limited English proficient students who may still be promoted to the fourth grade without achieving the equivalent level of achievement on the assessment.

Further, SB 21 requires the SBOE to adopt reading competencies for all reading credentials and training, which must include, but not be limited to, an understanding of phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, comprehension, appropriate use of assessments, differentiated instruction and selection of appropriate instructional materials and application of research-based instructional practices. These must be established by January 31, 2014.

Not later than December 31, 2014, the SBOE must adopt rules prescribing the content of and deadlines for the reading achievement improvement plans some districts and community schools will have to submit beginning December 31, 2016 and every December 31 thereafter. The rules must prescribe that each plan include, at the minimum, an analysis of relevant student performance data, measurable student performance goals, strategies to meet specific student needs, a staffing and professional development plan and instructional strategies for improving literacy. The districts or community schools that will be required to submit such plans are those that received a grade of "D" or "F" on the kindergarten through third grade literacy process measure and those with less than 60% of students who took the third grade reading assessment during the most recent fall and spring administrations of the assessment achieving at least a proficient score on the assessment.

A district or community school that cannot furnish the number of teachers needed to satisfy the teacher criteria set forth under the third grade reading guarantee submits a staffing plan to ODE. The staffing plan must include criteria that will be used to assign a student to a teacher, credentials or training held by teachers currently teaching at the school and how the school district or community school will meet these requirements. The district or community school posts the staffing plan on its website for the applicable school year.

Not later than March 1, 2014, and on the first day of March in each year thereafter, a district or community school that has submitted a plan under this division submits to ODE a detailed report of the progress the district or school has made in meeting these requirements.

A district or community school may request an extension of a staffing plan beyond the 2013-2014 school year. Extension requests must be submitted to the department not later than the 30th day of April prior to the start of the applicable school year. ODE may grant extensions valid through the 2015-2016 school year. Until June 30, 2015, ODE annually shall review all staffing plans and report the progress of districts and community schools in meeting the requirements to the SBOE not later than the 30th day of June of each year.

HB 487 (2014) specifies that districts may submit staffing plans for the 2014-2015 or 2015-2016 school year. These plans differ from the extension plans submitted by districts that submitted staffing plans for the 2013-2014 school year.

HOMEBOUND INSTRUCTION

The Board provides instruction, as appropriate, for students confined to home in compliance with the law.

1. Home instruction teachers are provided for students at the request of parents only after such instruction is approved by the Superintendent and verified as needed by a licensed physician or psychologist. Home instruction teachers, who are provided by the school, are paid at the designated hourly rate.

2. Home instruction teachers may be the student's regular classroom teachers only if the Superintendent has given permission.

3. Home instruction teachers must be certificated/licensed teachers.

4. All work must meet the standards of the Ohio Department of Education and be done under the supervision of the Superintendent/designee. If the home instruction teacher is not the student's regular classroom teacher, the building principal arranges cooperative communications among the regular classroom teachers and home instructors to ensure a proper program of instruction for the student.

5. The duration and time of a home instruction program is determined by the Superintendent/designee, on the basis of information received from teachers, parents, medical personnel and the building principal. Exceptions are those children with disabilities who have an IEP.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008; 42 USC 12101 et seq.
ORC 3313.64
3321.04
3323.05; 3323.12
OAC Chapter 3301-51

CROSS REFS.: IGBA, Programs for Students with Disabilities
JEA, Compulsory Attendance Ages
JECBC, Admission of Students from Nonchartered or Home Schooling

ALTERNATIVE SCHOOL PROGRAMS

The Board may approve alternative school programs for students who cannot benefit from the regular school program.

Alternative school programs:

1. provide a setting in which individual guidance and challenge can be provided for each student;

2. provide an instructional program that assists each student in overcoming academic deficiencies, truancy and behavioral problems;

3. strive to improve each student's self-concept so that he/she recognizes his/her ability to succeed and play a contributing role in society;

4. provide an accepting environment in which respect and confidence are given to each student and

5. develop a realistic instructional program, which assists each student in acquiring the skills necessary to become a self-supporting citizen.

The alternative school program is staffed by personnel who are committed to the importance of the program and who recognize that education encompasses more than formal classroom instruction. Staff members must also be able to design a cooperative staff/student individualized educational plan that includes long-range goals and measurable objectives for reaching these goals.

Selection of students to participate in the alternative school program is made according to criteria established by the program staff in accordance with State law and approved by the Superintendent. Students in the alternative school program may return to their regular schools when they and the program staff agree that they are ready to do so.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3301.07
3313.53 through 3313.534
OAC 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06; 3301-35-09

ENGLISH LEARNERS

The Board recognizes the need to provide equal educational opportunities for all students in the District. Therefore, if the inability to speak and understand the English language excludes a student from effective participation in the educational programs offered by the District, the District shall take appropriate action to rectify the English language deficiency in order to provide the student equal access to its programs. Students in a language minority or who are English learners are identified, assessed and provided appropriate services.

The Board directs the administration to develop and implement instruction programs that:

1. appropriately identify language minority students;

2. provide the appropriate instruction to English learner students to assist them in gaining English language proficiency, as well as content knowledge, in reading/language arts and mathematics and

3. annually assess the English proficiency of students and monitor their progress in order to determine their readiness for the mainstream classroom environment.

The District requires all English learner students to be tested. Alternative assessments may be required. Students must make yearly gains toward closing the achievement gap as defined by the State Board of Education performance targets.

The District provides parents with notice of and information regarding the instructional program as required by law. Parent and family involvement is encouraged and parents are regularly apprised of their child's progress.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]
[Re-adoption date: June 20, 2017]
[Re-adoption date: November 21, 2017]
[Re-adoption date: January 10, 2018]

LEGAL REFS.: 42 USC 2000d
The Elementary and Secondary Education Act; 20 USC 1221 et seq.
34 CFR 200
ORC 3301.0711
3302.01; 3302.03
3313.61; 3313.611; 3313.612
3317.03
3331.04
OAC 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06; 3301-35-07

CROSS REFS.: AC, Nondiscrimination
IE, Organization of Facilities for Instruction
IGBJ, Title I Programs
IGBL, Parent and Family Involvement in Education
JB, Equal Educational Opportunities
JK, Employment of Students

TITLE I PROGRAMS

The Title I program is based on an annual assessment of educational needs. This assessment includes identification of educationally deprived children in the public and private schools in this District. Title I services are provided to all eligible, educationally deprived students.

The Board believes parent and family involvement is a vital part of the Title I program. The Superintendent/designee jointly develops with and distributes to parents of children participating in Title I programs within the District a written parent and family involvement policy and guidelines. The written parent and family involvement policy includes a School-Parent Compact jointly developed by the school and the parents. The requirements of the policy, compact and guidelines are consistent with Federal and State law.

Parent and family involvement includes, but is not limited to, parent and family contribution to the design and implementation of programs under this title, development of support and improvement plans, participation by parents and family members in school activities and programs, and training and materials that build parents' and family members' capacity to improve their children's learning in both the home and the school. To build a partnership between home and school, the District:

1. informs the parents and family members of the program, the reasons for their children's participation and the specific instructional objectives;

2. trains parents and family members to work with their children to attain instructional objectives;

3. trains teachers and other staff involved in programs under this title to work effectively with the parents and family members of participating students;

4. develops partnerships by consulting with parents and family members regularly;

5. provides opportunities for parents and family members to be involved in the design, operation and evaluation of the program and

6. provides opportunities for the full participation of parents and family members who lack literacy skills or whose native language is not English.

Title I funds are used only to augment, not to replace, state and local funds. The Board uses these funds to provide equivalent or comparable educational services in all schools receiving Title I assistance.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]
[Re-adoption date: June 20, 2017]

LEGAL REFS.: The Elementary and Secondary Education Act; 20 USC 1221 et seq.
OAC 3301-35-04; 3301-35-05; 3301-35-06; 3301-35-07

CROSS REFS.: AC, Nondiscrimination
IE, Organization of Facilities for Instruction
IGBA, Programs for Students with Disabilities
IGBI, English Learners
IGBL, Parent and Family Involvement in Education
JB, Equal Educational Opportunities

NOTE: Pursuant to Title I, Sections 1118(a)(2) and 1118(c), the written parent and family involvement policy must describe how the local educational agency will involve parents in the joint development of the plan and process of school review and improvement. With respect to the written parent and family involvement policy, each district shall convene an annual meeting to explain the requirements and rights of the parents involved; offer a flexible meeting schedule; involve parents and family members in an organized, ongoing and timely manner to plan, review and improve the policy; provide parents and family members with timely information describing and explaining the curriculum and submit parent comments to the district. The Ohio Department of Education has mandated that each written parent involvement policy include the School-Parent Compact. The compact must describe the school's responsibility to provide high-quality curriculum and instruction in a supportive and effective learning environment, methods of communication between teachers and parents and each parent's responsibilities for supporting their children's learning.

On May 29, 2012, Ohio was granted a waiver from some of the provisions of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA). This waiver removed the requirements for Public School Choice and Supplemental Educational Services. Students who are already taking advantage of Public School Choice must be permitted to remain at the school of their choice until they have completed the highest grade level in that school.

PARENT AND FAMILY INVOLVEMENT IN EDUCATION
(Version 1)

The Board believes that parent and family involvement is an important part of the educational program. Current research indicates that a home-school partnership and greater involvement on the part of parents and families in the education of their children generally result in higher achievement scores, improved student behavior and reduced absenteeism. All parents, family members and foster caregivers are encouraged to take an active role in the education of their children or foster children.

The Board directs the administration to develop along with parents, family members and foster caregivers the necessary regulations to ensure that this policy is followed and that parent and family involvement is encouraged. The regulations are to:

1. encourage strong home-school partnerships;

2. provide for consistent and effective communication between parents and family members or foster caregivers and school officials;

3. offer parents and family members or foster caregivers ways to assist and encourage their children or foster children to do their best and

4. offer ways parents and family members or foster caregivers can support classroom learning activities.

In addition, building administrators/designees of schools receiving Title I funds will jointly develop with and distribute to parents of children participating in Title I programs a written parent and family involvement policy and guidelines. The requirements of the policy and guidelines are consistent with Federal and State law.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]
[Re-adoption date: June 20, 2017]

LEGAL REFS.: The Elementary and Secondary Education Act; 20 USC 1221 et seq.
ORC 3313.472; 3313.48
OAC 3301-35-02; 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06

CROSS REFS.: IGBI, English Learners
IGBJ, Title I Programs
Student Handbooks

CREDIT FLEXIBILITY

The Board recognizes that an effective educational program is one that provides opportunities for students to customize aspects of their learning around their respective needs and interests. Credit flexibility is one method to motivate and increase student learning by allowing access to more resources, customization around individual student needs and the use of multiple measures of learning.

Credit flexibility shifts the focus from "seat time" to performance. The intent of credit flexibility is to meet increased expectations for high school graduation in response to globalization, technology and demographics, and to meet the demand for 21st century skills.

In accordance with State law, the District must develop and implement a credit flexibility plan. Seventh or eighth grade students may meet curriculum requirements or students ready for high school courses may earn high school graduation credit by:

1. demonstrating subject area competency through the completion of traditional course work;

2. testing out of or showing mastery of course content through the pursuit of an approved educational option and/or

3. any combination of the above.

The Superintendent/designee develops the District's credit flexibility plan consistent with the provisions of the following regulation.

[Adoption date: August 9, 2016]

LEGAL REFS.: Carnegie Design Team Report to the State Board of Education, *New Emphasis on Learning: Ohio's plan for credit flexibility shifts the focus from "seat time" to performance* (March 2009)
ORC 3313.60; 3313.603; 3313.609; 3313.6013; 3313.611; 3313.613; 3313.614; 3313.90
3321.04
Chapter 3324
Chapter 3365
OAC Chapter 3301-34
3301-35-01
3301-35-06
Chapter 3301-46
Chapter 3301-51
Chapter 3301-61

CROSS REFS.: IGAD, Career-Technical Education
IGBH, Alternative School Programs
IGCB, Experimental Programs
IGCD, Educational Options (Also LEB)
IGCF, Home Instruction
IGCH, College Credit Plus (Also LEC)
IGE, Adult Education Programs
IKA, Grading Systems
IKE, Promotion and Retention of Students
IKEB, Acceleration
IKF, Graduation Requirements

NOTE: In 2007, the Ohio General Assembly enacted Senate Bill (SB) 311, also known as the Ohio Core, which directed the State Board of Education to adopt a plan that enables students to earn units of high school credit based on demonstration of subject area competency, instead of or in combination with completing hours of classroom instruction.

SB 311 requires all local school boards to comply with the provisions of the State Board's credit flexibility plan by adopting local board policy (Ohio Revised Code Section 3313.603(J)). Full implementation of the local board policy must be reached by the beginning of the 2010-11 school year.

CREDIT FLEXIBILITY

In accordance with State law, the District's plan for credit flexibility must:

1. identify the multiple methods of communication and frequency of each method the District will use to communicate the aspects of the credit flexibility policy and plan to students and parents on an ongoing basis;

2. allow for demonstrated proficiency options on an ongoing basis;

3. allow for graded options for demonstrated proficiency;

4. allow demonstration of proficiency to count towards course requirements for graduation;

5. determine credit equivalency for a Carnegie unit;

6. prohibit capping or limiting the number of courses or credits earned through credit flexibility;

7. allow for both simultaneous credit and/or partial credit to be earned;

8. not prohibit access to online education, postsecondary options or services from another district, as approved by the Board;

9. allow, if so desired, for the acceptance of credit from other districts and educational providers;

10. establish provisions for instances when students do not or cannot complete requirements and

11. establish a review process and submit data to the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) about the methods and frequency of communication with students and parents.

In addition, the Superintendent/designee collects performance data including, but not limited to, the number of participating students, total credits earned and extent to which student participation reflects diversity of the student body.

ODE recommends that the Superintendent maintain a "library" of courses that were previously accepted to assist students, parents and teachers with understanding available options (or those unique to local contexts and regional economic development interests).

[Adoption date: August 9, 2016]

SUMMER SCHOOLS

The Board may operate summer schools for students in grades one through 12. Summer programs can be for students who need extra help in order to advance with their respective age groups or to provide enrichment, remedial and recreational experiences.

In general, no tuition is charged students who are residents of the District whose need for a summer program has been identified by teachers and who have been recommended for enrollment in the program to the Superintendent by the appropriate building principal. Special activities or programs for which a fee is to be charged may be conducted only with the approval of the Board.

Summer school is under the direction of a principal appointed by the Board. Teachers for summer sessions are recruited from the District staff insofar as feasible. The Board sets summer salaries and makes appointments upon the recommendation of the Superintendent.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3313.57; 3313.608; 3313.641

CROSS REFS.: IGBE, Remedial Instruction (Intervention Services)
IKE, Promotion and Retention of Students
IL, Testing Programs
JN, Student Fees, Fines and Charges

EXPERIMENTAL PROGRAMS

There are times when nontraditional approaches to instructional objectives are appropriate. To this end the Board has initiated experimental programs that must meet the following requirements:

1. The program or course is developed by a committee consisting of administrators, grade level and subject area specialists and consultants as needed.

2. The Board makes formal application to the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) for permission to implement the program on an experimental basis.

3. The program or course must be approved by the Board and the ODE prior to implementation.

4. All instructional materials used in connection with this program are available for inspection by parents of participating students.

5. Students must be recommended for participation. The parent(s) must provide approval for students under 18 years of age to participate. A copy of the written approval must be retained in the school files. Students who are 18 years of age or older must submit a written request to participate. This request is kept on file.

6. The program is evaluated based on learning outcomes, student achievement and accomplishment of stated objectives.

7. At the end of an established period of time, the Superintendent recommends either inclusion or exclusion of the experimental program in the District's educational offerings.

8. Fees are estimated for experimental programs as needed. Participating students are expected to pay allowable fees at the beginning of the program.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3302.07
OAC 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06
3301-46-01

CROSS REFS.: IGCD, Educational Options (Also LEB)
JN, Student Fees, Fines and Charges

EDUCATIONAL OPTIONS

The Board recognizes that an effective educational program is one that provides opportunities for students to learn both within the classroom and, for specific reasons, beyond the traditional classroom and school day. These expanded opportunities are viewed as educational options to supplement the regular school program.

The intent of educational options is to allow educators, other professionals, parents and others to work together to provide opportunities for students to learn in an independent or individual setting and to study or work with recognized experts in specific fields. Educational options are seen as additional curricular opportunities to improve, expand and enrich student learning experiences and perspectives.

Independent study, distance learning, tutoring, educational travel, mentoring and study abroad programs are representative of experiences which the Board views as educational options supplementing the regular school program.

Fees are established for educational options as needed. Participating students are expected to pay fees upon beginning educational options.

The Superintendent develops regulations when the educational options are initiated. Each program option developed is presented to the Board for adoption; its regulations are presented for approval.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: OAC 3301-35-01(B)(6); 3301-35-06

CROSS REFS.: IGBM, Credit Flexibility
IGCB, Experimental Programs
IGCH, Postsecondary Enrollment Options (Also LEC)
IKE, Promotion and Retention of Students
IKF, Graduation Requirements
JN, Student Fees, Fines and Charges

EDUCATIONAL OPTIONS

When initiated, educational options must adhere to the following criteria.

1. The parent(s) must provide written approval for students under 18 years of age to participate. A copy of the written approval must be retained in the school files. Students 18 years of age or older must submit a written request to participate. This request is kept on file.

2. An instructional plan that contains written measurable objectives must be submitted to, and approved by, the Superintendent. Instructional objectives must align with the District curriculum requirements.

3. The instructional plan includes an outline specifying major instructional activities and identifying materials, resources, facilities and equipment needed to achieve instructional objectives.

4. Promotion and retention decisions for students, kindergarten through eighth grade, participating in an optional instructional plan are based on student performance relative to the objectives of the option.

5. The instructional plan includes a written plan for the evaluation of student performance.

6. In tutorial and independent study programs, a certificated/licensed teacher provides both the instruction and evaluation of students. In all other cases, a certificated/licensed teacher provides only the evaluation of student progress.

7. The written instructional plan includes a time for the evaluation of the educational option. Continuance of the option is determined by the results of evaluation.

8. Students are ineligible to sign up for a distance learning class when the same class is taught in the District unless an unresolved scheduling conflict exists.

9. Such courses and programs do not compete with courses offered within the regular program of studies unless such are not available for the student when needed or are not being taken for credit.

(Approval date: October 22, 2013)

HOME INSTRUCTION

The Superintendent may excuse from compulsory school attendance, for not more than one school year at a time, any school-age child who is being instructed at home in accordance with the State Board of Education rules in the Ohio Administrative Code (OAC).

The child being instructed at home must be instructed by an individual with one of the following qualifications:

1. a high school diploma;
2. a certificate of high school equivalence;
3. standardized test scores that demonstrate high school equivalence or
4. other credentials found appropriate by the Superintendent.

Lacking the above, the home teacher must work under the direction of a person holding a baccalaureate degree.

Any request to be excused must be made in writing by the parent(s) and must contain the information required by the OAC.

The Superintendent approves the home instruction request unless he/she determines that the information required by the OAC has not been provided or unless he/she has substantial evidence that the minimum educational requirements of the OAC have not been met, despite the fact that the required information has been provided by the parent(s).

If the Superintendent intends to deny the request for home instruction, he/she notifies the parent(s) within 14 calendar days and informs the parent(s) of the reasons for the intent to deny the request and of the parent(s)' right to a due process hearing before the Superintendent.

Upon substantial evidence of cessation of home instruction in accordance with the OAC, the Superintendent notifies the parent(s) of the intent to revoke the excuse and of the parent(s)' right to a due process hearing before the Superintendent.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3321.04
OAC Chapter 3301-34

CROSS REFS.: JECBC, Admission of Students from Nonchartered or Home Schooling
JEG, Exclusions and Exemptions from School Attendance

HOME INSTRUCTION

1. The Superintendent requires the parent(s) to provide all information listed in the Ohio Administrative Code (OAC).

2. If the Superintendent approves the home instruction request, he/she shall do so in writing and maintain a file in his/her office containing a copy of the information supplied by the parent(s), a copy of the excuse for home instruction granted by the Superintendent, papers showing how the qualification of the person instructing the child was determined and all other documents relating to the child's home instruction program.

3. If the Superintendent refuses a parental request for home instruction, he/she notifies the parent(s) of the right to a due process hearing before the Superintendent, and of the right to appeal the Superintendent's decision at the due process hearing to the juvenile court of the county in which the District is located.

4. Academic assessment and remediation of home-instructed children should be performed in accordance with the OAC.

(Approval date: October 22, 2013)

COLLEGE CREDIT PLUS

State law provides for student participation in the College Credit Plus (CCP) program for the purposes of promoting rigorous academic pursuits and exposing students to options beyond the high school classroom. Therefore, eligible 7th through 12th grade students may enroll at any public college/university and any participating nonpublic college/university on a full- or part-time basis and complete eligible nonsectarian, nonremedial courses for transcripted high school and/or college credit.

The Board directs the Superintendent/designee to develop and establish the necessary administrative guidelines to ensure that the CCP program is operating in accordance with state requirements.

[Adoption date: November 17, 2015]
[Re-adoption date: July 12, 2016]
[Re-adoption date: February 14, 2017]
[Re-adoption date: June 26, 2018]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3313.5314
Chapter 3365
OAC 3333-1-65 through 3333-1-65-13
3301-83-01(C)

CROSS REFS.: IGBM, Credit Flexibility
IGCD, Educational Options (Also LEB)

NOTE: College Credit Plus replaces Postsecondary Enrollment opportunities beginning with the 2015-2016 academic year. All public school districts and public colleges and universities are required to participate in the program. While the accompanying regulation is not required, it outlines key program requirements.

COLLEGE CREDIT PLUS

District Obligations

The District is required to notify all 6th through 11th grade students and their parents about the College Credit Plus (CCP) program through multiple, easily accessible resources by February 1 of each school year. The notice includes all information required by State law. The District promotes the CCP program on the District website, including details of current agreements with partnering colleges.

Students and/or parent(s) are required to submit written notice of intent to participate to the principal by April 1 of the year in which the student wishes to enroll and may submit written notice as early as February 15. Failure to inform the principal of intent to participate by the April 1 deadline shall result in the student having to secure written permission from the principal in order to participate in the program. If the principal denies a student's request for written permission, the student may appeal to the Superintendent. The Superintendent's decision is final.

The District holds an annual informational session between October 1 and February 15 to which partnering colleges located within 30 miles of the school (or the closest college if none are located within 30 miles) are invited. The informational session includes information on benefits and consequences of participation in CCP, and outlines any changes or additions to program requirements.

The District is required to provide counseling services to students prior to their participation in the program. Counseling services include but are not limited to:

1. program eligibility;
2. any necessary financial arrangements for tuition, textbooks and fees;
3. process of granting academic credits;
4. criteria for any transportation aid;
5. available support services;
6. scheduling;
7. the effect of the grade attained in the course being included in the student's grade-point average, if applicable;
8. consequences of failing or not completing a course under the program, including the effect on the student's ability to complete District graduation requirements;

9. benefits to the student of successfully completing a course under the program, including the ability to reduce the overall cost of, and the amount of time required for, a college education;

10. academic and social responsibilities of students and parents relative to this program;

11. information about and encouraging the use of college counseling services;

12. information about eligible courses;

13. information on CCP probation, dismissal and appeal procedures and

14. the standard program information packet developed by the Ohio Department of Higher Education (ODHE).

The District develops both a 15-credit hour and a 30-credit hour model course pathway for courses offered under CCP in consultation with a partnering college. Each pathway must include courses, which once completed, apply to at least one degree or professional certification offered at the college. The pathways may be organized by desired major or career path, or may include various core courses required for a degree or professional certification by the college. The pathways are published among the school's official list of course offerings for participant selection. No participant is required to enroll only in courses included in a model pathway.

The District implements a policy for awarding grades and calculating class standing for CCP courses that is equivalent to the school's policy for other advanced standing programs or District-designated honors courses. Any grade weighting or class standing enhancements applicable to advanced standing programs or District-designated honors courses are similarly applied to CCP courses.

Student Enrollment

To participate in CCP, a student must apply to, and be accepted by, a participating college in accordance with the college's established procedures for admission. The student also must meet the college's and relevant academic program's established standards for admission, enrollment and course placement, including any course specific capacity limits. The student and his/her parent also must sign a form acknowledging receipt of the required counseling and understanding of their responsibilities under the program.

The student may opt to receive college credit only or both college and high school credit. The student must designate his/her choice at the time of enrollment.

Students may enroll only in eligible courses as defined in rules adopted by ODHE. Upon receipt of the notice of pre-term admission the student's secondary school verifies the student is enrolled in eligible courses. If the student is enrolled in ineligible courses the school notifies the student and their parent that they must withdraw from the ineligible course(s). Students failing to withdraw prior to the college's no-fault withdrawal date will be responsible for all tuition, fees and textbook costs for the course.

If a student completes an eligible college course, the Board shall award him/her appropriate credit toward high school graduation if, at the time of enrollment, he/she elects to receive credit for courses toward fulfilling the graduation requirements.

High school credit awarded for eligible courses successfully completed counts toward graduation requirements and subject area requirements.

1. The Board awards comparable credit for the eligible course(s) completed at the college.

2. If no comparable course is offered, the Board grants an appropriate number of elective credits.

3. Any disputes between the student and the Board regarding high school credits granted for a course may be appealed by the student to the Ohio Department of Education (ODE). ODE's decision on these matters is final.

4. The student's records must show evidence of successful completion of each course and the high school credits awarded. The record must indicate that the credits were earned as a participant in CCP, and include the name of the college at which the credits were earned. The grades and credits for courses completed during summer term must be included on the student's high school transcript in the fall for that school year.

5. Credits earned through CCP are included in the student's grade-point average. College credits count as the equivalent District grade. If the District has a weighted grading system CCP courses are treated in the same way as other advanced standing program or honors course.

High School/College Enrollment

1. A student who enrolls in CCP for the first time in:

   A. grades 7, 8 or 9 may receive credit toward high school graduation for up to the equivalent of four academic school years.

   B. 10th grade may receive credit toward high school graduation for up to the equivalent of three academic school years.

C. 11th grade may receive credit toward high school graduation for up to the equivalent of two academic school years.

D. 12th grade may receive credit for up to the equivalent of one academic school year.

2. Proportionate reductions are made for any student who enrolls in the program during the course of a school year.

3. For the purpose of this program, an academic year begins with the summer term. The maximum number of credits that may be earned during the academic year is the total of the high school courses and college courses. The total may not exceed 30 college credit hours per academic year.

4. College courses for which three semester hours are earned are awarded one credit toward high school graduation credit. Fractional credits are awarded proportionally.

Student Eligibility

Students wishing to participate in CCP must meet all statutory eligibility requirements. To be eligible, students must be considered remediation-free on one of the Ohio Revised Code 3345.061(F) assessments. A student scoring within one standard error of measurement below the remediation-free threshold on one of the assessments is considered to have met this eligibility requirement if he/she either has a cumulative high school grade point average (GPA) of at least 3.0 or receives a recommendation from a school counselor, principal or career-technical program advisor.

Underperforming Students/CCP Probation

A student meeting at least one of the following is considered an underperforming student for purposes of CCP:

1. Cumulative GPA of less than 2.0 in college courses taken through CCP or

2. Withdraw from or receive no credit for two or more courses in the same term.

A student meeting the definition of an underperforming student for two consecutive terms of enrollment is considered an ineligible student.

The student's secondary school will place an underperforming student on CCP probation within the program and notify the student, parent and the college they are enrolled in of their status. The student may enroll in no more than one college course in any term when on CCP probation and cannot enroll in a college course in the same subject as a college

course in which they received a grade of D or F or for which they received no credit. Students enrolled in impermissible courses who fail to dis-enroll prior to the college's no-fault withdrawal date are responsible for all costs associated with the course(s) and dismissed from CCP as an ineligible student.

If a student taking a permissible college course after placement on CCP probation and the course grade raises the student's cumulative college course GPA to 2.0 or higher the student is removed from CCP probation and may participate in CCP without restrictions unless they again meet the definition of an underperforming student. A student on CCP probation who does not raise their GPA to the required minimum through the course grade, is dismissed from CCP by the student's secondary school.

Students dismissed from the program are prohibited from taking any college courses through CCP and must dis-enroll for any college courses they may be registered for in the next term prior to the no-fault withdrawal date.

Each secondary school establishes an academic progress policy defining the progress students must achieve to be reinstated in CCP on CCP probation. The policy must state that failure to make academic progress as defined in the policy will result in an extension of CCP dismissal. The policy also includes the procedures for a student to request an appeal of their CCP status.

A student may request the secondary school allow the student to participate in CCP after one term of CCP dismissal. Summer term is not counted as a term of dismissal unless the student is enrolled in one or more high school courses during the summer. Upon review of the student's academic progress through review of their full high school and college academic records the school will: continue the student's dismissal; place the student on CCP probation or allow the student to participate in CCP without restrictions in accordance with the school academic progress policy.

A student may appeal their status to the Superintendent within five business days of notification of CCP dismissal or prohibition from taking a college course in the same subject as a college course in which they received a grade of D or F or for which they received no credit. Upon consideration of any extenuating circumstances separate from academic performance that may have affected the student's CCP status the Superintendent will issue a decision within 10 business days after the appeal is made and may:

1. allow the student to participate in the program without restrictions;

2. allow the student to take a course in the subject area in which they received a grade of D or F or for which they received no credit;

3. allow the student to participate in CCP on CCP probation or

4. maintain the student's dismissal from the program.

The Superintendent's decision is final.

If the decision is to continue the student's dismissal and the student is enrolled in a college, the student's college will allow the student to withdraw from all courses in which the student is enrolled without penalty and the student's secondary school shall not be required to pay for those courses. If the Superintendent fails to issue a decision on the appeal within the required timeframe and the student is enrolled in a college, the college will allow the student to withdraw from all impermissible courses without penalty and, if the decision on the appeal is made after the institution's prescribed no-fault withdrawal date, the student's secondary school shall pay for those courses.

Summer Term Eligibility

A student who is scheduled or anticipated to graduate from high school may not participate in CCP for any term beginning after the student's scheduled or anticipated graduation date or in any course offered at a college during a summer term that begins during the student's last quarter of high school.

Financial Responsibilities

1. If a student elects to enroll for college credit only (Option A), the student is responsible for all costs associated with the course.

2. If a student elects to enroll for the combination high school/college credit (Option B), the District is responsible for all costs associated with the eligible course at a public college/ university. Students participating in CCP under Option B at a private college may be charged tuition and/or fees unless they are economically disadvantaged.

3. If a student fails a CCP course, the student or parent(s) may be responsible for all costs associated with the course. The District may not seek reimbursement from a student who fails a course if he/she is economically disadvantaged, unless the student has been expelled.

4. Students enrolled for the combination of high school/college credit are not eligible for financial aid from the college.

5. Upon parental application and determination of need an eligible student, as defined by State law, enrolling for the combination of high school and college credit in the program may receive full or partial reimbursement for the necessary costs of transportation between the secondary school that he/she attends and the college/ university in which he/she is enrolled.

Other Considerations

1. A student enrolled in the program follows the District attendance policy, as well as the District code of conduct, for curricular and extracurricular activities. These policies and codes are applicable during the time the student is attending high school and is on school property for any class or activity.

2. If a student is expelled from the District, the Board will deny high school credit for college courses taken during the period of the student's expulsion.

   The Superintendent must send written notice of a student's expulsion to the college where the student is taking courses to receive high school credit. The notice must state the date the expulsion is scheduled to expire and whether the Board has denied high

   school credit for postsecondary education courses taken during the expulsion. If the expulsion period is extended, the Superintendent must notify the college of the extension. The college may withdraw its acceptance of a student who has been expelled. Unless otherwise authorized by State law, the expelled student is ineligible to enroll in a college under CCP for subsequent college terms during the expulsion period.

3. The student enrolled in this program must recognize that the master schedule is not altered or adjusted in order to permit enrollment. Adjustments to individual schedules may be made by the school administration.

4. The District will not deny students the opportunity to participate in extracurricular activities because of their participation in CCP. The District adheres to the Ohio High School Athletic Association for eligibility to participate in athletics. In order to be eligible, the student must have passed five courses that count toward graduation during the prior grading period. The five courses may be a combination of high school and college courses. Students also must meet any additional District eligibility requirements.

[Adoption date: November 17, 2015]
[Re-adoption date: July 12, 2016]
[Re-adoption date: February 14, 2017]
[Re-adoption date: June 26, 2018]

NOTE: The notice provided to students and parents outlining the College Credit Plus (CCP) program must include the following information:

- *Cost, including:*
  - *notice of CCP opportunities that have no cost to students, including the free option to attend public institutions of higher education;*
  - *clear references to the potential cost of participation at a nonpublic institution of higher education and*
  - *the prohibition of charging economically disadvantaged students who choose to attend a nonpublic institution of higher education.*

- *Criteria for student participation, including but not limited to:*
  - *the requirement for a counseling session prior to participation (Ohio Revised Code (RC) 3365.04).*
  - *a notice that states: "Students must submit a written notice of their intent to participate in the upcoming academic year, by April 1, in accordance with Section 3365.03 of the RC, but may submit the written notice of intent to participate as early as February 15. Students desiring to participate in college credit plus in the summer are strongly encouraged to submit letters of intent and begin the admissions process starting in February and prior to the April 1 notice of intent deadline in order to improve chances of meeting summer registration timelines."*

- *Student participation options:*
  - *a statement secondary schools cannot limit a student's participation in CCP to only the courses offered in that school and that students may also participate online or at any other participating institution of higher education, or any combination thereof.*
  - *a statement that participating students may be concurrently enrolled in multiple postsecondary institutions and may concurrently take postsecondary courses from more than one institution of higher education.*
  - *list of courses offered at the secondary school through an agreement with an institution of higher education.*
  - *a statement students should review the course catalog of an institution of higher education for a full listing of course offerings of the institution.*

- *Specific information pertaining to the student's opportunity to participate during the summer term and the responsibility of the student to notify the college and students prior high school prior to a transfer to a new school when participating in a summer term course.*

- *Deadlines pertinent to the student's participation, including all deadlines associated with summer term participation.*

- *The designated point of contact at the secondary school for CCP who can answer questions from students, parents and the community regarding the program's operation and who will act as a liaison to the state to monitor future changes or amendments to the program.*

- *Specific information regarding a student's option to participate in CCP, at the high school-if applicable-, online, or at an institution of higher education, must also be part of all communications developed by the secondary school to promote CCP.*

Districts are required to report CCP program data by July 15 annually in accordance with requirements to be developed by the Ohio Department of Higher Education (ODHE) and Ohio Department of Education.

While districts are required to apply any weighted grading policy in a similar manner for CCP courses, districts are not required to create a weighted grade policy if they do not already have one. It is important to note, however, that if you are using a weighted grading policy, a higher value may not be placed on honors courses or other advanced standing program than on CCP courses.

Senate Bill 3 (2016) added RC 3313.5314 stating that students attending the district or homeschool, nonpublic school, community school and STEM school students otherwise eligible to participate in extracurricular activities in the district cannot be denied the opportunity to participate in extracurricular activities in the district solely because of their participation in CCP. Students still must meet the district eligibility requirements.

House Bill 49 (2017) amended RC 3365.03(E) to state that the college to which a student applies will pay for one assessment used to determine that student's eligibility. Any additional assessment used for this purpose will be the financial responsibility of the student.

Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) 3333-1.65.12 defines courses eligible for payment under CCP.

Each secondary school must adopt an academic progress policy in accordance with OAC 3333-1.65.13. Districts should review information provided by ODHE when developing this school specific policy.

Districts must include information on eligible courses and CCP probation in the required informational session. Districts may incorporate the required counseling session into the annual informational session provided the secondary school makes alternate dates available for those unable to attend the annual information session.

COMMUNITY SERVICE

The District is committed to preparing its students for active participation in community affairs in keeping with the tradition of volunteerism and civic responsibility. The implementation of a community service education program provides students with opportunities to receive training and support to assist them in becoming valuable community members.

Community service is an unpaid activity that provides service to an individual or group to address a school or community need. The activity must be developmentally appropriate, meaningful to the student and effectively use their skills.

The District offers community service education that acquaints students with the history and importance of volunteer service and with a wide range of existing community needs. Community service opportunities that meet the requirements of State law may be considered electives towards graduation and/or granted special recognition in the student's record or on the student's high school diploma.

Through participation in community service, students have the opportunity to:

1. develop knowledge and respect for community and citizenship;
2. learn that problems can be solved by working together;
3. understand the responsibilities involved in citizenship;
4. explore career opportunities;
5. increase self-esteem and appreciation for others;
6. become sensitive to others and appreciate cultural diversity and
7. overcome interpersonal barriers.

Once the program for community service education has been established, students are ready to begin earning credit hours that may be used to meet graduation requirements. A community service advisory committee develops and implements the community service plan. Upon adoption by the Board, a copy of the plan is sent to the Ohio Department of Education. The community service plan is reviewed periodically by the advisory committee and, if necessary, revised by the Board at least once every five years.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3313.60; 3313.605
OAC 3301-35-04

CROSS REFS.: IKF, Graduation Requirements
JGD, Student Suspension
JGE, Student Expulsion

COCURRICULAR AND EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES

The purpose of education is to develop the whole person of the student. For this reason, an educational program must embody, as an essential element, activities that involve students beyond the classroom and foster the values that result from interaction and united effort. Such activities form a logical extension of the required and general curriculum and the elective or special curriculum.

The Board has established the criteria for cocurricular and extracurricular activities consistent with its philosophy of, and goals for, education. All student activity programs must:

1. have educational value for students;

2. be in balance with other curricular offerings in the schools and be supportive of, and never in competition with, the academic program and

3. be managed in a professional manner.

The Board may require that students pay reasonable fees to participate in cocurricular and extracurricular activities.

The following guidelines govern the student activity programs.

1. Student activities are those school-sponsored activities that are voluntarily engaged in by students, have the approval of the school administration and do not carry credit toward promotion or graduation.

2. Each school, under the direction of the principal and professional staff, has a student activity program designed to stimulate student growth and development by supplementing and enriching the curricular activities. All receipts and expenditures are accounted for through the activity account.

3. Each activity should be designed to contribute directly to the educational, civic, social and ethical development of the students involved.

4. The student activity program receives the same attention in terms of philosophy, objectives, social setting, organization and evaluation as that given the regular school curriculum.

5. Each school develops written guidelines and procedures regulating the creation, organization, administration and dissolution of student activity programs. The Superintendent reports annually to the Board the general purposes, plans and financial status of the cocurricular and extracurricular programs of the District.

6. The expenses involved in participating in any school activity and in the total program for a school year should be set so that a majority of the students may participate without financial strain. Special consideration may be given in cases in which the expense of participating would result in exclusion.

7. Activities must be open to all students, regardless of race, color, national origin, ancestry, citizenship status, religion, sex, economic status, age, disability or military status.

8. Activities must not place undue burdens upon students, teachers or schools.

9. Activities should not interfere with regularly scheduled classes. This limitation often requires conducting such activities beyond the regular school day, if possible.

10. Activities at any level should be unique, not duplications of others already in operation.

11. Students participating in cocurricular and extracurricular activities are expected to demonstrate responsible behavior and good conduct. The Board encourages the development and promotion of sportsmanship in all phases of the educational process, including athletics and all other cocurricular and extracurricular activities.

12. Students suspended and expelled from school are banned from extracurricular activities. Students may also be suspended from extracurricular activities for violations of the student code of conduct or the code of conduct of the particular activity in which they participate. Students absent from school are not permitted to participate in extracurricular activities on that date.

13. Annually, the Board directs the Superintendent/designee to identify supplemental contract positions that supervise, direct or coach a student activity program that involves athletic, routine/regular physical activity or health and safety considerations. Upon the identification of the position, the individual must complete the requirements established by the Ohio Department of Education and State law.

14. Students may be expelled for up to one year for firearm-related or knife-related incidents occurring off school property while at an interscholastic competition, extracurricular event or other school-sponsored activity.

15. Students may be removed from extracurricular activities when their presence poses a continuing danger to persons or property or an ongoing threat of disruption. If a student is removed from extracurricular activities, such removal may include all extracurricular activities in which the student is involved.

16. Resident students enrolled in community schools are permitted to participate in the District's extracurricular activities, including interscholastic athletics at the school to which the student would be assigned. Students must be of the appropriate age and grade level as determined by the Superintendent, and must fulfill the same academic, nonacademic and financial requirements as any other participant.

17. Resident students attending STEM and STEAM schools are permitted to participate in the District's extracurricular activities, including interscholastic athletics, at the school to which the student would be assigned. Students must be of the appropriate age and grade level as determined by the Superintendent, and must fulfill the same academic, nonacademic and financial requirements as any other participant.

18. Resident students attending a nonpublic school are permitted to participate in the District's extracurricular activities, including interscholastic athletics, at the school to which the student would be assigned if the nonpublic school the student is enrolled in does not offer the extracurricular activity. Students must be of the appropriate age and grade level as determined by the Superintendent and must fulfill the same academic, nonacademic and financial requirements as any other participant.

19. Resident students receiving home instruction in accordance with State law are permitted to participate in the District's extracurricular activities, including interscholastic athletics, at the school to which the student would be assigned. Students must be of the appropriate age and grade level as determined by the Superintendent and must fulfill the same academic, nonacademic and financial requirements as any other participant.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]
[Re-adoption date: October 28, 2014]
[Re-adoption date: February 14, 2017]
[Re-adoption date: November 21, 2017]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3313.537; 3313.5311; 3313.5312; 3313.5314; 3313.58; 3313.59; 3313.664
3315.062
3319.16
3321.04
Chapter 4112
OAC 3301-27-01
3301-35-06

CROSS REFS.: AFI, Evaluation of Educational Resources
DJ, Purchasing
IGCH, College Credit Plus (Also LEC)
IGDB, Student Publications
IGDC, Student Social Events
IGDF, Student Fundraising Activities
IGDG, Student Activities Funds Management
IGDJ, Interscholastic Athletics
IGDK, Interscholastic Extracurricular Eligibility
JECBC, Admission of Students from Non-Chartered or Home Schooling
JED, Student Absences and Excuses
JGD, Student Suspension
JGDA, Emergency Removal of Student
JGE, Student Expulsion
JL, Student Gifts and Solicitations
JN, Student Fees, Fines and Charges
KGB, Public Conduct on District Property
KK, Visitors to the Schools
Student Handbooks

NOTE: Districts are required to allow resident students enrolled in community schools (House Bill (HB) 487 (2014)), STEM and STEAM schools to participate in the district's extracurricular activities.

HB 59, effective September 29, 2013, requires districts to allow resident students who are receiving home instruction to participate in extracurricular activities at the school to which they would be assigned. Districts are also required to allow resident students attending a chartered or non-chartered nonpublic school to participate in extracurricular activities in the school to which the student would be assigned if the activity is one that the nonpublic school they are enrolled in does not offer. Students participating under these provisions must be of the appropriate grade and age level as determined by the superintendent and must meet the same academic, nonacademic and financial requirements as any other student. Districts are prohibited from imposing additional rules or fees on a student participating under these provisions that are not applied to other students participating in the same program.

Senate Bill (SB) 3 (2016) added Ohio Revised Code 3313.5314 stating that students attending the district or homeschool, nonpublic school, community school, STEM and STEAM school students otherwise eligible to participate in extracurricular activities in the district cannot be denied the opportunity to participate in extracurricular activities in the district solely because of their participation in CCP. Students still must meet the district eligibility requirements.

Districts may allow nonpublic, community, STEM and STEAM school students who are not eligible to enroll in the district the opportunity to participate in an extracurricular activity operated by a school of the district if the activity is one the school the student is enrolled in does not offer, and the activity is not interscholastic athletics or interscholastic competitions in music, drama or forensics. The superintendent may also allow a homeschool student not eligible to enroll in the district to participate in an extracurricular activity offered by one of the schools if it is an activity the district in which they are eligible to enroll does not offer.

SB 3 (2016) also allows the superintendent to allow a nonresident student attending a nonpublic school located in the district the ability to participate in an activity that is interscholastic athletics or interscholastic competitions in music, drama or forensics provided certain criteria are met.

School districts must count – up to 24 hours per school year as excused absences – time that a student is absent from school for the sole purpose of traveling out of state to participate in a board-approved enrichment activity or an extracurricular activity. The student is required to make up all missed classroom assignments.

In addition, if the student will be out of the state for 24 or more consecutive school hours for a board-approved enrichment or extracurricular activity, a classroom teacher employed by the board must accompany the student to provide instructional assistance.

For boards developing policy without the assistance of an OSBA consultant, this category is useful for general policy on student activities and for establishing definitions.

COCURRICULAR AND EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES

The Board recognizes the importance of the family and respects the values it promotes in the life of the young people of this community. These family values extend not only to the importance of education but also the importance of affiliation with other organizations and groups within the community. The Board desires to assist the family in its efforts to perpetuate the teaching of their values and to this end has established the following regulations regarding the scheduling of school activities for students:

1. No school-related activities will be conducted by the school administration after 5:30 p.m. for students in grades kindergarten through grade eight and after 6:30 p.m. for students in grades nine through 12 on Wednesdays during the school calendar year. The only exemption to this schedule is the scheduling of activities by affiliated organizations to which the District belongs that cannot be controlled by the administration of the District.

2. No activity will be scheduled before 1:00 p.m. on Sunday.

3. Any activity that will require students to be out of the District between midnight on Saturday and 1:00 p.m. on Sunday will require its sponsor and approved chaperones (parents) to schedule a two-hour period of meditation, if needed, on Sunday. Sponsors and chaperones (parents) will provide students the opportunity to attend - within reason - and at the expense of the activity - access to a site for said meditation. If requested by participating student(s), a time and place other than on Sunday - within reason - will be honored.

4. The intent of this policy is to provide students with the opportunity to participate in school-sponsored activities - both within and outside the District - outside regular school hours and to exercise the values being taught in the homes of said students.

5. It is recognized that extenuating circumstances may exist that prevent the above from taking place; therefore, before permission will be granted by the Superintendent/ designee, the sponsor of the activity will provide the immediate supervisor with reasons and rationale for the exemption.

[Approval date: October 22, 2013]

STUDENT PUBLICATIONS

The Board encourages student publications as classroom-related learning experiences in such courses as English and journalism and as extracurricular activities. These allow for coverage of student activities and the writing and printing of original literary and artistic productions; however, certain necessary guidelines are established to regulate the publication and dissemination of student publications.

School-Sponsored Publications

School publications afford an educational experience for students interested in this activity and should provide an opportunity for the sincere expression of all facets of student opinion. These guidelines are as follows.

1. Faculty advisors advise on matters of style, grammar, format and suitability of materials.

2. The school publication reflects the policy and judgment of the student editors. Material of a controversial nature should not be prohibited unless it:

   A. threatens to disrupt the educational process of the school, damage other individuals or advocate conduct that otherwise is inconsistent with the shared values of a civilized social order (e.g., advocating drug or alcohol use);

   B. threatens any person or group within the school or advocates unlawful discrimination;

   C. advocates violation of the law or official school regulations;

   D. is considered false or libelous, based upon available facts, and

   E. is potentially harmful to juveniles or offensive according to community standards as to what is suitable for juveniles.

3. The final decision as to the suitability of material rests with the principal after consultation with the student editor and faculty advisor. Parties have the right of appeal to the Superintendent.

Non-school-Sponsored Publications

Students who edit, publish and/or wish to distribute non-school-sponsored handwritten, printed or duplicated matter among their fellow students in the schools must assume responsibility for the content of the publication. Students may be restricted as to the time, place and manner of distribution or may be prohibited from distributing such publications.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REF.: U.S. Const. Amend. I

CROSS REFS.: EDE, Computer/Online Services (Acceptable Use and Internet Safety)
IIBH, District Websites
JF, Student Rights and Responsibilities

STUDENT SOCIAL EVENTS

All student functions held in the name of the District must be approved by the principal and supervised by one or more faculty members or approved volunteers.

All school functions such as parties, dances, etc. are held in the school building unless otherwise approved by the principal and/or Superintendent.

Outsiders are not permitted to attend such functions unless so permitted by the building principal. Students present, together with chaperones, are held accountable for proper care of facilities used.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3313.53; 3313.58; 3313.59
3315.062
OAC 3301-35-02; 3301-35-03

CROSS REFS.: IGD, Cocurricular and Extracurricular Activities
IICC, School Volunteers

STUDENT FUNDRAISING ACTIVITIES

The Board believes in providing opportunities for students to participate through cocurricular activities in fundraising projects which contribute to their educational growth and which do not conflict with the instructional program. Since the Ohio Revised Code and the Auditor of State's office mandate careful accounting of the receipt and expenditure of such funds, all fiscal operations of student groups must be in compliance with the following guidelines. All such related activities must be:

1. conducted by a recognized student group for the purpose of contributing to educational objectives;

2. appropriate to the age or grade level;

3. activities in which schools may appropriately engage;

4. conducted under the supervision of teachers, advisors or administrators;

5. conducted in such a manner and at such times as not to encroach upon instructional time or interfere with regularly scheduled school classes and activities;

6. scheduled so as not to be unduly demanding on secretarial, teacher and principal time or work;

7. evaluated annually by teachers, advisors, administrators and students;

8. limited in number so as not to become a burden or nuisance to the community and

9. sensitive to direct competition with fundraising efforts sponsored by recognized groups and organizations within the community.

The application of the above criteria for student sales and activities is supervised by the building principal with the approval of the Superintendent. Each principal submits to the Superintendent a list of the proposed sales or fund drives which the school plans to conduct during the school year and the purpose for which the funds are going to be used. The Superintendent then indicates his/her approval or disapproval within the limitations of the above criteria.

Funds derived from approved student fundraising activities are handled by the Treasurer's office in accordance with the Auditor of State's requirements.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3313.51; 3313.53; 3313.811
3315.062

CROSS REFS.: IGD, Cocurricular and Extracurricular Activities
IGDG, Student Activities Funds Management
IICA, Field Trips
JL, Student Gifts and Solicitations

STUDENT FUNDRAISING ACTIVITIES

The following guidelines must be followed for any activity that involves fundraising by or from students.

Any fundraising activities involving students must meet the following conditions.

1. All student fundraising activities must be in compliance with State law and the requirements of the Auditor of State's Office.

2. Use of instructional time is to be limited in planning, conducting, assessing or managing a fundraising activity, unless such an activity is part of an approved course of study.

3. Fundraising activities conducted in a school or on other District premises are not to interfere with the conduct of any cocurricular or extracurricular activity. Students involved in the fundraiser are not to interfere with students participating in other activities in order to solicit funds.

4. In accordance with Board policy, each fundraising activity occurring on or off District premises must be approved by the Superintendent or his/her designee. In order to be approved, the group leader or advisor must submit a proposal that is in compliance with the Auditor of State's requirements.

5. Each recognized school-sponsored student group must submit in writing to the Treasurer a statement which identifies the purpose of the fundraising activity and the reason for raising the money as well as all other items required by the Auditor of State.

6. Student groups can have only one fund-raiser per year unless approved by the Superintendent.

7. All fundraising activities must stop when the total projected budget has been met or within two weeks from the start of the project, whichever comes first. Exceptions may be granted with the approval of the Superintendent or building principal.

8. Notice of fundraising activities is posted in school newsletters for parental information.

9. All participants soliciting from and/or selling to service organizations, businesses or the general public must carry and understand a cover letter explaining the specific purpose of their project.

10. Requests for purchases from student activities funds can be made only by faculty advisors, coaches or teachers assigned to an activity.

11. Elementary students (K-5) do not sell items or solicit donations by going door to door.

12. Pep rallies or assemblies promoting aggressive student selling, prizes, awards or incentives are discouraged.

13. All prizes, awards and incentives must be approved by the principal.

14. Contracts with outside suppliers for merchandise to be sold in a fundraising activity are to be reviewed by the principal and signed by the staff member in charge, who shall be personally responsible for the merchandise sold and monies collected. The contract must specify that any merchandise that is unsold and is resalable by the supplier can be returned for full credit. The District is not responsible for any unsold merchandise that cannot be returned to a supplier for credit for any reason.

15. Fundraising activities off District premises shall be voluntary and with written permission from parents. If an activity involves the students providing a service in return for money, such as a car wash, a member of the certificated staff shall supervise the activity at all times. His/Her responsibility is to ensure that the service is provided in a proper manner, and also to ensure the safety and wellbeing of the students and the property of both the purchaser and the owner of the site.

16. Any fund raisers that require students to exert themselves physically beyond their normal pattern of activity, such as runs for charity, must be monitored by a staff member who has the necessary knowledge and training to recognize and deal appropriately with a situation in which one or more students may be overexerting themselves to the point of potential injury.

17. The staff member in charge should establish procedures to ensure that all merchandise is properly stored, distributed and accounted for, and a report should be made within five days after the end of the fundraiser. The report should indicate:

    A. cost of items or merchandise;

    B. amount of money projected and amount of money raised;

    C. any differences between the actual activity and the planned activity;

    D. any problems that occurred and how resolved;

E. when and where funds are deposited and

F. if merchandise was involved, how many items were offered for sale, how many sold, the amount of money collected and the disposition of any unsold items.

18. Donations to the District to be used for fundraising activities must be approved by the Board or its designee.

19. Failure to follow these regulations could result in the suspension or loss of fundraising approval.

School and Community Service Project Definitions

1. Fundraising Activities

   A. Any donation, product or service solicited from and/or sold to community service organizations, businesses or the general public.

   B. Any awards, prizes or incentives offered as part of a student selling activity. Examples:

      1) candy sales
      2) magazine sales
      3) carnival for profit

2. School Service Projects

   A. Any project done to service or benefit students, teachers or parents which involves no soliciting of donations, products or services from community service organizations, businesses or the general public. Examples:

      1) skate parties
      2) pizza parties
      3) Mother's Day gifts
      4) carnival for nonprofit

B. Any profit-intended project, completed in-house, which principally involves students, teachers or parents requiring no soliciting of donations, products or services from community service organizations, businesses or the general public. Examples:

1) concession stands
2) school pictures
3) book fairs
4) sale of miscellaneous items (caps, t-shirts, jackets, etc.)

3. Community Service Projects

Any project that involves open solicitation, is completely nonprofit and is charitable in nature. Examples:

A. holiday food drives

B. generation of funds for a recognized charity

C. funds for scholarships/grants

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

STUDENT ACTIVITIES FUNDS MANAGEMENT

To safeguard and provide for the efficient financial operation of student activities, the funds of these activities are managed as follows.

1. The Superintendent designates an individual to serve as the activity account clerk under the jurisdiction of the Treasurer. The Treasurer is authorized to receive and disburse student funds in support of the entire school activity program. The Treasurer is directly responsible for the proper accounting of student activities funds.

2. Requests for purchases from student activities funds can be made only by faculty advisors, coaches or teachers assigned to an activity. These requests must be approved in writing by the school principal or other person designated by the Superintendent. Funds must be available before such purchases may be authorized. Expenses are subject to Board approval.

3. An accounting of all student funds is made monthly and a report of all accounts is made by the Treasurer to the Superintendent and the Board. The account system complies with the regulations of the Ohio Auditor. The system separates and verifies each transaction and shows the sources from which the revenue is received, the amount collected, source and the amount expended for each purpose.

4. When an unexpended balance remains in the account of a graduating class (Fund 200), the class should specifically indicate its intent to the Board for the disposal of such funds. The Board exercises its prerogative in disposing of such funds when the graduating class is negligent in giving instructions.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3313.51; 3313.53; 3313.811
3315.062
5705.41; 5705.41

CROSS REFS.: DH, Bonded Employees and Officers
DJ, Purchasing
DJF, Purchasing Procedures
IGD, Cocurricular and Extracurricular Activities
IGDF, Student Fundraising Activities
JL, Student Gifts and Solicitations

INTERSCHOLASTIC ATHLETICS

Participation by students in athletic competition is a privilege subject to Board policies and regulations. While the Board takes great pride in winning, it emphasizes and requires good sportsmanship and a positive mental attitude as prerequisites to participation.

The Superintendent and administrative staff schedule frequent conferences with all physical education instructors, coaches and athletic directors to develop a constructive approach to physical education and athletics throughout the District and to maintain a program that is an educational activity.

Interscholastic athletic programs are subject to approval by the Board. The building principal is responsible for the administration of the interscholastic athletic program within his/her school. In discharging this responsibility, the principal consults with the athletic directors, coaches and physical education instructors on various aspects of the interscholastic athletic program. It is the responsibility of the principal and his/her staff to ensure the proper management of all athletic and physical education programs and the safety of students and the public.

The Board may require that students pay reasonable fees to participate in interscholastic athletics.

Coaches are required to complete all approved course work as specified by State law, the Ohio High School Athletic Association (OHSAA) and the Ohio Department of Education in order to qualify to serve as coaches.

In the conduct of interscholastic athletic programs, the rules, regulations and limitations outlined by the OHSAA and State law must be followed. It is the responsibility of the District's voting delegate to OHSAA to advise the management team of all pending changes in OHSAA's regulations.

Eligibility requirements for participating in athletic programs must conform to regulations of the OHSAA. They include the requirements that a student have the written permission of his/her parent(s) and shall have been determined as physically fit for the chosen sport by a licensed physician.

All students participating in interscholastic athletics must be covered by insurance. This insurance may be available for purchase through the District. If parents choose not to purchase insurance provided by the District, the parent(s) must sign a waiver ensuring that private coverage is provided.

As character building is one of the major objectives of interscholastic athletics, the athlete assumes responsibility for regulating his/her personal life in such ways as to make him/her a worthy representative of his/her school.

Any student may be suspended from an athletic team practice and competition for a period of time, designated by the principal, for infractions of school rules and regulations or for any other unacceptable conduct in or out of school.

Students in grades 9-12 are ineligible for athletics for the first 50% of the maximum allowable regular season contests in the sports the student participated in during the 12 months immediately preceding the transfer, until the one-year anniversary date of enrollment in the school the student transferred to. If the transfer takes place during the sport season in which a student has participated in a regular season interscholastic contest, the student is ineligible for the remainder of that sport's season. Exceptions to the ineligibility provisions are outlined in the OHSAA Bylaws.

Resident students enrolled in community schools are permitted to participate in the District's interscholastic athletics program at the school to which the student would be assigned. Students must be of the appropriate age and grade level as determined by the Superintendent, and must fulfill the same academic, nonacademic and financial requirements as any other participant.

Resident students attending STEM and STEAM schools are permitted to participate in the District's interscholastic athletics program at the school to which the student would be assigned. Students must be of the appropriate age and grade level as determined by the Superintendent, and must fulfill the same academic, nonacademic and financial requirements as any other participant.

Resident students attending a nonpublic school are permitted to participate in the District's interscholastic athletic programs at the school to which the student would be assigned if the nonpublic school the student is enrolled in does not offer the activity. Students must be of the appropriate age and grade level as determined by the Superintendent and must fulfill the same academic, nonacademic and financial requirements as any other participant.

Resident students receiving home instruction in accordance with State law are permitted to participate in the District's interscholastic athletic programs at the school to which the student would be assigned. Students must be of the appropriate age and grade level as determined by the Superintendent and must fulfill the same academic, nonacademic and financial requirements as any other participant.

Foreign exchange students enrolled in a recognized visitor exchange program may be eligible to participate in interscholastic athletics in accordance with OHSAA Bylaws.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]
[Re-adoption date: October 28, 2014]
[Re-adoption date: February 14, 2017]
[Re-adoption date: November 21, 2017]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 2305.23; 2305.231
3313.537; 3313.5310; 3313.5311; 3313.5312; 3313.5314; 3313.539; 3313.66; 3313.661; 3313.664
3315.062
3319.303
3321.04
3707.52
OAC Chapter 3301-27

CROSS REFS.: IGCH, College Credit Plus (Also LEC)
IGD, Cocurricular and Extracurricular Activities
IGDK, Interscholastic Extracurricular Eligibility
IKF, Graduation Requirements
JECBA, Admission of Exchange Students
JECBC, Admission of Students from Non-Chartered or Home Schooling
JGD, Student Suspension
JGE, Student Expulsion
JN, Student Fees, Fines and Charges
Student Handbooks

NOTE: *Districts are required to allow resident students enrolled in community schools (House Bill (HB) 487 (2014)), STEM and STEAM schools to participate in the district's extracurricular activities.*

HB 59, effective September 29, 2013, requires districts to allow resident students who are receiving home instruction to participate in extracurricular activities at the school to which they would be assigned. Districts are also required to allow resident students attending a chartered or non-chartered nonpublic school to participate in extracurricular activities in the school to which the student would be assigned if the activity is one that the nonpublic school they are enrolled in does not offer. Students participating under these provisions must be of the appropriate grade and age level as determined by the superintendent and must meet the same academic, nonacademic and financial requirements as any other student. Districts are prohibited from imposing additional rules or fees on a student participating under these provisions that are not applied to other students participating in the same program.

Senate Bill (SB) 3 (2016) added Ohio Revised Code (RC) 3313.5314 stating that students attending the district or homeschool, nonpublic school, community school, STEM and STEAM school students otherwise eligible to participate in

extracurricular activities in the district cannot be denied the opportunity to participate in extracurricular activities in the district solely because of their participation in CCP. Students still must meet the district eligibility requirements.

Districts may allow nonpublic, community, STEM and STEAM school students who are not eligible to enroll in the district the opportunity to participate in an extracurricular activity operated by a school of the district if the activity is one the school the student is enrolled in does not offer, and the activity is not interscholastic athletics or interscholastic competitions in music, drama or forensics. The superintendent may also allow a homeschool student not eligible to enroll in the district to participate in an extracurricular activity offered by one of the schools if it is an activity the district in which they are eligible to enroll does not offer.

SB 3 (2016) also allows the superintendent to allow a nonresident student attending a nonpublic school located in the district the ability to participate in an activity that is interscholastic athletics or interscholastic competitions in music, drama or forensics provided certain criteria are met.

HB 49 (2017) revised language in RC 3313.5310 requiring a student wishing to participate in athletics to submit a form signed by the student and parent stating that both have received and reviewed a copy of the sudden cardiac arrest guidelines. The change requires the form to be submitted once annually, rather than each school year for every athletic activity in which the student participates.

Concussion Management

HB 143 (effective April 23, 2012) added requirements to State law for concussion management in athletics. The specific requirements are outlined in Section RC 3313.539. The law states that if districts are subject to the rules of an interscholastic athletic conference, they will be in compliance if the rules of the organization are substantially similar to that of State law. Districts who are part of the Ohio High School Athletic Association (OHSAA) should already be implementing procedures that are similar to what is now in State law. If your district is not a member of OHSAA, or has sports that are not recognized as OHSAA sports, check with your regulatory organization to ensure compliance with State law."

OHSAA has already made a concerted effort to provide educational resources to member schools on concussion management. This information is outlined in the OHSAA Bylaws and sports regulations.

Specifically, OHSAA has adopted the following sports regulation:

"Any athlete who exhibits signs, symptoms or behaviors consistent with a concussion (such as loss of consciousness, headache, dizziness, confusion or balance problems) shall be immediately removed from the contest and shall not return to play until cleared with written authorization by an appropriate health care professional." HB 487 (2014) amended the requirements for who can clear a student to return to practice or play, after the student was removed for exhibiting signs or symptoms of a concussion. The requirements are outlined in RC 3313.539.

OHSAA has further defined parameters to guide OHSAA licensed officials, medical personnel and member schools in implementing these guidelines. Information is provided by OHSAA on recognizing signs and symptoms consistent with a concussion. Specific guidelines and expectations for coaches, officials, and students for concussion management are outlined in the OHSAA general sports regulations. Details are additionally outlined in these regulations for when athletes can be returned to play and who is able to decide whether a student is fit to return to practice or competition.

HB 143 amended the requirements for the issuing or renewal of a pupil-activity program permit to coach interscholastic athletics. These permits are issued by the Ohio Department of Education. To receive a first-time permit, each individual must successfully complete a training program that is specifically focused on brain trauma and brain injury management. To renew a permit, individuals must present evidence that they have successfully completed a training program in recognizing the symptoms of concussions and head injuries within the previous three years.

OHSAA has a Web page dedicated to sports safety, which includes links to concussion resources.

Visit http://www.ohsaa.org/sportssafety for more information.

Requirements for coverage by insurance and for physical examinations might be part of such a policy or these could be dealt with under Student Insurance Program and Physical Examinations of Students and cross-referenced from this page. Another source of information would be the student handbook.

INTERSCHOLASTIC EXTRACURRICULAR ELIGIBILITY

The Board recognizes the value of interscholastic extracurricular activities for students in grades seven through 12 as an integral part of the total school experience. Since participation in interscholastic extracurricular activities is a privilege and not a right, students are expected to demonstrate competence in the classroom as a condition of participation.

Interscholastic extracurricular activities are defined as school-sponsored student activities involving more than one school or school district.

The Board permits students in grades nine through 12 to participate in interscholastic extracurricular activities if they receive a failing grade in the previous grading period.

As a condition for the privilege of participating in interscholastic extracurricular activities, a student must have attained a minimum grade-point average of 1.5 on a 4.0 grading scale or a 3.5 on a 12.0 grading scale.

In addition, students participating in any program regulated by the Ohio High School Athletic Association must also comply with all eligibility requirements established by the Association. In order to be eligible, a high school student must have passed a minimum of five one-credit courses or the equivalent, that count toward graduation, in the immediately preceding grading period. The five courses may be a combination of high school and college courses.

A student enrolled in the first grading period of the ninth grade after advancement from the eighth grade must have passed a minimum of five of all subjects carried the immediately preceding grading period in which the student was enrolled in the eighth grade.

A student enrolling in the seventh grade for the first time will be eligible for the first grading period regardless of the previous academic achievement. Thereafter, in order to be eligible, the student in grade seven or eight must be currently enrolled in school the immediately preceding grading period, and received passing grades during that grading period in a minimum of five of those subjects in which the student received grades.

Failure to comply with the grading period eligibility requirements results in extracurricular interscholastic ineligibility for the succeeding grading period.

If a student received home instruction in the grading period preceding participation, the student must meet any academic requirements established by the State Board of Education for the continuation of home instruction to be eligible to participate in the program.

If a student did not receive home instruction in the grading period preceding participation, the student's academic performance during the preceding grading period must have met any academic standards established by the District for eligibility to participate in the program.

Any student who commences home instruction after the beginning of the school year and at that time was considered ineligible to participate in extracurricular activities for failure to meet academic requirements or any other requirements will be ineligible to participate in the same semester the student was deemed ineligible.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]
[Re-adoption date: October 28, 2014]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 2305.23; 2305.231
3313.535; 3313.537; 3313.5311; 3313.5312; 3313.66; 3313.661
3315.062
OAC Chapter 3301-27

CROSS REFS.: IGD, Cocurricular and Extracurricular Activities
IGDJ, Interscholastic Athletics
JECBA, Admission of Exchange Students
JECBC, Admission of Students from Non-Chartered or Home Schooling
JFC, Student Conduct (Zero Tolerance)
Student Handbooks

ADULT EDUCATION PROGRAMS

The Board recognizes that it has an educational responsibility to the entire community and to lifelong education. Accordingly, adult education courses are provided to meet the needs of adults and out-of-school youth for basic education, general and academic education, occupational education and development of special interests in various arts, crafts and recreation.

The Superintendent/designee administers the adult education program supported by a combination of District funds, state and federal aid and fees. State aid is requested for all courses for which the state offers such aid. Adults who attend such programs are expected to comply with established rules and regulations.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3313.52; 3313.53; 3313.531; 3313.532; 3313.54; 3313.58; 3313.641; 3313.644
OAC 3301-35-05

CROSS REF.: IGAD, Career-Technical Education

AWARDING OF HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMAS TO VETERANS OF WAR

In order to recognize the contributions and sacrifices made by veterans who left high school prior to graduation to serve in the armed forces during World War II, the Korean Conflict or the Vietnam Conflict, the Board may award a high school diploma to any veteran of this state, or posthumously to a living relative of a deceased veteran of this state, who meets the requirements established by State law.

The Board may grant a diploma to a World War II, Korean Conflict or Vietnam Conflict veteran if all of the following apply.

1. The veteran either left a public or nonpublic high school located in any state prior to graduation:

   A. in order to serve in the armed forces of the United States or

   B. due to family circumstances and subsequently entered the armed forces of the United States.

2. The veteran received an honorable discharge from the armed forces of the United States.

3. The veteran has not been granted a diploma, honors diploma, a diploma of adult education or a diploma from another school.

The veteran is not required to take the high school equivalency tests approved by the Ohio Department of Education or any graduation test in order to qualify for a diploma.

The Governor's Office of Veterans' Affairs has developed and adopted an application form for use by all county veterans service offices. Upon verification that all requirements have been met, the application is forwarded to the Board and the diploma may be awarded.

The Board may grant a high school diploma to any woman who left high school in any state during World War II, the Korean Conflict or the Vietnam Conflict if the woman either:

1. left school to join the workforce to support her family or to join the war effort or

2. left school due to family circumstances and subsequently joined the workforce or war effort.

The woman must either be a current resident of the state of Ohio or have been previously enrolled in an Ohio high school.

Veterans' diplomas are presented in conjunction with appropriate events, programs or other occasions, as determined by the Superintendent.

[Adoption date: August 9, 2016]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3313.61; 3313.611; 3313.612; 3313.614; 3313.616
5902.02

CROSS REF.: IGED, Diploma of Adult Education

GROUPING FOR INSTRUCTION

The District may group students in order to increase the effectiveness of each teacher and to make it possible for the teacher to individualize instruction by narrowing the range of student needs within a particular class. Assignment of students to classes should be done on the basis of what is best for individual students.

Good administration takes into account the importance of parental understanding and acceptance of the grouping procedure used in the school. The school principal should cooperate with parents and teachers and other staff members in striving for the most effective placement of students into classes. The assignment of classes to teachers is the responsibility of the Superintendent, working in cooperation with the principals and the teachers concerned.

Grouping within the classroom is desirable. Teachers should be encouraged to carry out this procedure. Grouping should be flexible. Some students may be grouped together for one activity but regrouped for another activity. Students should not, as a rule, remain in the same groups throughout the school year.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REF.: OAC 3301-35-04

CROSS REFS.: IE, Organization of Facilities for Instruction
IHB, Class Size

CLASS SIZE

While the Board strives to provide the appropriate class size for each learning experience, there are times when temporary enrollment increases, differences in the organization of various schools and the number and size of available classrooms affect the number of students that must be assigned to a room.

The Superintendent's recommendations for upper and lower limits on class size consist of the best professional knowledge relative to desirable class size, together with:

1. student load that helps teachers to be most effective;
2. the financial condition of the District and the willingness of the residents to provide for optimal class sizes;
3. the particular requirements of the subject being taught and
4. the presence of students with special needs in the class.

Circumstances may prohibit the achievement of optimal class sizes in all cases, but the Board believes firmly that high standards must be developed and maintained as constant guides.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3317.023; 3317.024; 3317.03
OAC 3301-35-04; 3301-35-05

CROSS REF.: IHA, Grouping for Instruction

CONTRACT REF.: Teachers' Negotiated Agreement

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

As the governing body of the District, the Board is legally responsible for the selection of instructional materials. Since the Board is a policymaking body, it delegates to the administrative and teaching staff of the District authority to recommend instructional and supplemental and library materials.

Materials for school classrooms and school libraries are recommended by appropriate certificated staff in consultation with the Superintendent and other sources as needed. Final decision relative to purchase rests with the Superintendent, subject to official adoption by the Board in the case of textbooks.

The Board believes that it is the responsibility of the District to provide:

1. materials that enrich and support the curriculum, taking into consideration the varied interests, abilities and maturity levels of the students served;

2. materials that stimulate growth in factual knowledge, literary appreciation, aesthetic values and ethical standards;

3. a background of information that enables students to make intelligent judgments in their daily lives;

4. diverse viewpoints so that young citizens may develop, under guidance, the practice of analytical reading and thinking and

5. materials representative of the many religions and ethnic and cultural groups, showing their contributions to our American heritage.

The above principles serve as guides in the selection of all instructional materials including, but not limited to, textbooks, supplementary books, library books, computer software, Internet access sites, filmstrips, films, video and audio recordings.

Parents are provided the opportunity to review the selection of textbooks and reading lists, instructional materials and academic curriculum used by the District. In addition, parents have the right to inspect any instructional materials used as part of the educational curriculum for their student. Instructional materials means instructional content, regardless of format, that is provided to the student, including printed or representational materials, audiovisual materials and materials available in electronic or digital formats (such as materials accessible through the Internet). Instructional material does not include academic tests or academic assessments.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]
[Re-adoption date: October 28, 2014]

LEGAL REFS.: Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act; 20 USC Section 1232h
ORC 3313.21; 3313.212
3313.642
3329.06; 3329.07; 3329.08
OAC 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06

CROSS REFS.: EDE, Computer/Online Services (Acceptable Use and Internet Safety)
EGAAA, Copyright
IIAA, Textbook Selection and Adoption
IIAC, Library Materials Selection and Adoption
INB, Teaching About Controversial Issues
KLB, Public Complaints About the Curriculum or Instructional Materials

TEXTBOOK SELECTION AND ADOPTION

In selecting textbooks for use in the District, the Board carefully considers the rights, freedoms and responsibilities of students, parents and teachers. Efforts are made to:

1. preserve each student's right to learn in an atmosphere of academic freedom;

2. support each teacher's responsibility to exercise professional judgments in his/her work and at the same time supply teachers with an awareness of their responsibility to meet the District's educational goals and objectives and

3. recognize the right of parents to influence the education of their children. (The Board does not, however, allow the wishes of an individual parent to infringe upon the rights of other students in any class.)

The Superintendent establishes textbook and/or curriculum committees that include representation of teachers who use the texts, administrators and other staff members. Students and parents may also be asked to serve on these committees. Parents are provided the opportunity to review the selection of textbooks and reading lists, instructional materials and academic curriculum used by the District.

The final decision on the recommendation of textbooks rests with the Superintendent, subject to official adoption by the Board.

[Adoption date: September 12, 1995]
[Re-adoption date: April 22, 2003]
[Re-adoption date: October 22, 2013]
[Re-adoption date: October 28, 2014]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3313.21; 3313.212
3313.642
3329.01; 3329.06; 3329.07; 3329.08
OAC 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06

CROSS REFS.: IIA, Instructional Materials
KLB, Public Complaints About the Curriculum or Instructional Materials

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS SELECTION AND ADOPTION

The right to a free choice among alternatives is basic to a democratic society. It is through the exercise of the freedoms set forth in the Bill of Rights that an informed choice can take place. Our educational system must, therefore, allow free access to a full range of instructional materials to insure the realization of this freedom.

Needs of the individual school, based on knowledge of the curriculum and the existing collection, are given first consideration. Supplementary materials and other resources are selected by the certificated staff to increase the effectiveness of the instructional program. Supplementary instructional materials means instructional content, regardless of format, that is provided to the student, including printed or representational materials, audio-visual materials and materials available in electronic or digital formats (such as materials accessible through the Internet).

Materials are considered on the basis of overall purpose; timeliness or permanence; importance of the subject matter, quality of the writing or production; readability and popular appeal; authoritativeness; reputation of the publisher or producer, reputation and significance of the author, artist, composer, producer, etc.; format and price.

Supplementary materials support and are consistent with the general educational goals of the District and the written objectives of specific courses.

The materials should make a contribution to the balance of the individual school collection of materials for which they are selected. Materials should be appropriate for the subject area, age level, ability level, emotional development and social development of the students for whom they are selected.

Each item should be approached from a broad perspective, looking at the work as a whole and judging controversial elements in context rather than as isolated parts. Periodicals, for example, should be selected and purchased for their over-all reputation, and should not be rejected because of an occasional article that may be offensive.

Films and other rented instructional materials are used in the classroom for education purposes only. No rented film that includes a notice that the film is intended for "home use only" will be shown to a class for entertainment purposes.

When using film, instructional television or any other technology (coupled with graded courses of study and general curriculum materials), teachers should keep in mind that the software delivered to the student must be suitable to both the skill and maturity level of the learner. Federal copyright rules must be followed at all times.

In addition, parents have the right to inspect any materials used as part of the educational curriculum to which their child will be exposed.

The recommendation of supplementary materials rests with the Superintendent/designee and final approval rests with the Board.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.:
U.S. Const. Art. I, Section 8
Copyright Act, 17 USC 101 et seq.
Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act; 20 USC Section 1232h
ORC 3313.642
3329.06; 3329.07; 3329.08
OAC 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06

CROSS REFS.:
EDE, Computer/Online Services (Acceptable Use and Internet Safety)
EGAAA, Copyright
IIAA, Textbook Selection and Adoption
IIAC, Library Materials Selection and Adoption
INB, Teaching About Controversial Issues
KLB, Public Complaints About the Curriculum or Instructional Materials

LIBRARY MATERIALS SELECTION AND ADOPTION

The Board believes the responsibility of the school library is to:

1. provide materials that enrich and support the curriculum, taking into consideration the varied interests, abilities and maturity levels of the students served;

2. provide materials that stimulate growth in factual knowledge, literary appreciation, aesthetic values and ethical standards;

3. provide a background of information that enables students to make intelligent judgments in their daily lives;

4. provide materials on opposing sides of controversial issues so that young citizens may develop, under guidance, the practice of critical reading and thinking;

5. provide materials representative of the many religious, ethnic and cultural groups and their contributions to our American heritage and

6. place principle above personal opinion and reason above prejudice in the selection of materials of the highest quality in order to ensure a comprehensive collection appropriate for the users of the library.

Initial purchase suggestions for library materials may come from personnel. Students may also be encouraged to make suggestions. The librarian is responsible for evaluating and recommending all materials to be included in the school library. Authority for distribution of funds rests with the building principal, subject to the approval of the Superintendent.

Gifts of library books are accepted in keeping with the above policy on selection as well as the Board's policy on accepting gifts. Complaints about library books are handled in compliance with Board policy on complaints about the curriculum or instructional materials.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3329.05; 3329.07
OAC 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06

CROSS REFS.: IIA, Instructional Materials
INB, Teaching About Controversial Issues
KH, Public Gifts to the District
KLB, Public Complaints About the Curriculum or Instructional Materials

DISTRICT WEBSITES

District websites and school Web pages provide opportunities to engage students, impact student learning and interact with the community. District websites:

1. give the Board opportunities to communicate its mission, goals, policies and plans with the community;

2. allow individual schools to provide current and complete information to its community at large;

3. give the community a means to communicate effectively with the Board and staff;

4. create expanded means for student expression;

5. provide avenues for teachers to help students meet high standards of performance and

6. provide opportunities for staff to communicate with students.

The technology coordinator is responsible for maintaining the District's websites in accordance with the directives provided by the Superintendent. The principal/designee of each school shall ensure that the school's Web page is maintained in such a way that the community receives current and accurate information.

The District may elect to have its websites serve additional purposes related to its educational mission. These include, but are not limited to:

1. publishing a student newspaper;

2. posting teacher—created class information or

3. publishing appropriate student class work.

When a school allows student publications on its Web page, the purpose of including such publications shall be clearly identified in that section of the page. These publications shall be consistent with the District's mission, goals, policies, programs and activities. All publications shall meet established District requirements related to student print publications and be in accordance with State and Federal law related to student expression.

Accessibility of Website

The District is committed to ensuring the accessibility of its website for students, parents, and members of the community, including individuals with disabilities, except where doing so would impose an undue burden or create a fundamental alteration.

Advertising or Sponsorships

Any use of advertising or sponsorships that appear on the District's website must be approved by the Superintendent/designee. Use must be consistent with District policies and guidelines for other District publications.

The Board directs the Superintendent to develop regulations to implement all the provisions of this policy. These regulations shall address staff and student privacy and content standards for website publications.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]
[Re-adoption date: November 8, 2016]

LEGAL REFS.: Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act; 20 USC 1232g et seq.
Children's Internet Protection Act; 47 USC 254(h)(5)(b)(iii); (P.L. 106-554, HR 4577, 2000, 114 Stat 2763)
Individuals with Disabilities Education Act; 20 USC 1400 et seq.
Rehabilitation Act of 1973; 29 USC 794
Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008; 42 USC 12101 et seq.
ORC 149.43
3313.20
OAC 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06

CROSS REFS.: AC, Nondiscrimination
ACB, Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Disability
EDE, Computer/Online Services (Acceptable Use and Internet Safety)
IGDB, Student Publications
JO, Student Records
KBA, Public's Right to Know
KJ, Advertising in the Schools

NOTE: School district websites and individual school Web pages are wonderful communication tools. These sites provide opportunities to communicate with stakeholders and highlight district achievements.

Communication between staff and students can be maximized by creating web pages and/or social networking sites for staff members with responsibilities to and for students beyond the regular school day, e.g., coaches, advisers and others. These staff members may find it useful to have a district-sanctioned means to communicate with students in a popular form that appeals to students.

These sites could be restricted to educational purposes only and be strictly monitored by the district's technology coordinator. Edit this policy to fit the needs of the district.

COMMUNITY INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES

Helping each student develop to his/her full potential and to become a citizen contributing to the welfare of the community are important objectives of the District's educational program. The Board encourages administrative and instructional personnel to rely on the community as one of its educational resources. The administration directs community instructional resources designed to involve the citizens, institutions and environment of our community in the education of its children.

The Superintendent has supervisory control over community relations, which includes school volunteer service. Members of the staff and of the community are encouraged to offer their ideas and services through the channels that the administration develops.

The Superintendent reports to the Board on the involvement and effectiveness of community relations.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3315.07
OAC 3301-35-02; 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06

CROSS REFS.: GBQ, Criminal Records Check
IICC, School Volunteers

FIELD TRIPS

The Board recognizes that there is a vast quantity and variety of learning resources outside school walls and is aware of the potential our community has for improving the quality and depth of educational experiences. Whatever students can experience firsthand is often more meaningful to them than that which is only discussed or read about.

Field trips – properly planned, supervised and integrated into the instructional program – are not to be considered "outings" or days off from school, but rather extensions of the curriculum.

All field trips sponsored by the schools are educational in nature and are directly related to the subject matter and the course objectives of instruction at the particular grade level. Field trips are lessons and are to be planned as such, with objectives determined in advance. Appropriate instruction should precede and follow each field trip. All field trips must be approved by the Board or its designee.

To the extent feasible, community resource persons and organizations are involved in planning and conducting field trips so that students derive the greatest educational benefit from the trip.

Non-school-Sponsored Field Trips

Non-school-sponsored field trips organized by employees acting as independent contractors/agents involving students on a volunteer, self-supporting basis are not approved by the Board and are not considered a part of the curriculum. Responsibility for privately planned field trips or tours rests with the individuals and agency sponsoring them. The Board assumes no legal or financial responsibilities for non-school-sponsored field trips.

If recruitment of students for a field trip is sought through the schools, the recruitment request shall be made with approval of the Superintendent. Recruitment efforts shall not occur during class time or the employee's workday.

Travel Vendor Compensation

Any compensation paid by a private travel vendor to a District official or employee, after the official or employee has participated in selecting the vendor to provide a field trip, is considered "public money" and must be returned to the District.

All travel arrangements must be in compliance with District field trip regulations and approved by the Superintendent or his/her designee.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3327.15
OAC 3301-35-01; 3301-35-06

CROSS REFS.: EEAD, Special Use of School Buses
IF, Curriculum Development
IGDF, Student Fundraising Activities
JL, Student Gifts and Solicitations
JN, Student Fees, Fines and Charges

FIELD TRIPS

Eligible Participants

In most cases, an entire class takes part in a field trip. From time to time, however, trips may be planned for a smaller group (when, for example, the place to be visited can accommodate only a small group or when the trip is appropriate for only a few students working together on a project). The Board also wishes to make it possible for an individual student to experience a field trip if such a trip would provide instructional benefits.

In all cases, when only part of a class goes on a field trip, the administration ensures that satisfactory arrangements are made for the instruction of those staying in school and adequate transportation and supervision are provided for those who are going on the trip.

Distance and Duration

1. Regular field trips are those which take place within the community or to places near enough so that they can be accomplished during one school day.

2. Extended field trips are:

   A. of several days' duration when school is not in session (e.g., a trip to Washington, D.C.; language class trips to Canada and Mexico) or

   B. within the state and involving more than one day's time while school is in session.

Permission for extended field trips must be secured from the Superintendent, subject to approval by the Board.

Field trips out of the state while school is in session are not normally approved. The Board considers special requests for such trips when they are necessary to a curricular or cocurricular purpose, well-planned, adequately chaperoned and satisfactorily financed.

Parental Permission

Written permission from parent(s) must be obtained prior to any student's participation in a school-sponsored field trip.

Expenses

Field trips that are part of the instructional program and do not involve overnight stays may be paid for by the District.

Field trips that are part of the school's extracurricular activities (such as sports spectator trips, band trips, etc.), and/or trips that involve overnight stays usually involve some expense to the participating student. The administration is careful that such trips do not proliferate to the point at which the expense becomes a burden for the parents.

Fund drives are allowed under the Board's policies governing student gifts and solicitations and student fundraising activities. In no case may a student be prevented from participating in a field trip solely because of inability to pay.

Regulations Governing Field Trips

It is the responsibility of the Superintendent to set Districtwide regulations for field trips and each building principal to set rules for his/her school which comply with Board policy and District regulations.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

SCHOOL VOLUNTEERS

The Board believes one of the greatest resources available may be found in the citizens of the community who have special knowledge and talents to contribute to the District. The use of citizens as volunteers within the school program enhances the educational process not only for students, but for the community as well. Volunteers may provide additional support in the classroom, promote community-school cooperation in facilitating the learning process and provide resource persons who have expertise in various areas.

Recruitment and selection of volunteers is done at the local building level. Interested individuals should contact the building principal or his/her designee. The interests and abilities of the volunteers are considered when making assignments.

All volunteers shall be registered with the District office and at the appropriate building. Standard procedures for record keeping include hours contributed by various volunteers, types of services or donations made and an application kept on file at the local school for any volunteer who works directly with students, especially in tutorial relationships.

The District notifies current and prospective volunteers who have or will have unsupervised access to students on a regular basis that a criminal records check may be conducted at any time.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 121.401
2305.23; 2305.231
Chapter 2744
3319.39

CROSS REFS.: GBQ, Criminal Records Check
GDBB, Classified Staff Pupil Activity Contracts
IIC, Community Instructional Resources (Also KF)

CAREER ADVISING

The Board views career advising as helping students understand themselves relative to their abilities, aptitudes, interests, attitudes, strengths and limitations. This process is meant to assist students in the development of their potential and their decisions relating to educational and career matters.

This policy is reviewed biennially and made available to students, parents, guardians/custodians, local postsecondary institutions and residents of the District. This policy is posted in a prominent location on the District website.

The District will do all of the following.

1. Provide students with grade-level examples linking schoolwork to one or more career field(s) through use of the State Board adopted career connections.

2. Create a plan to provide career advising to students in grades six through 12.

3. Provide additional interventions and career advising for students who are identified as at risk of dropping out of school using both research- and locally-based methods developed with input from classroom teachers and guidance counselors.

4. Train employees on advising students on career pathways, including the use of online tools.

5. Develop multiple, clear academic pathways students can use to earn a high school diploma.

6. Identify and publicize courses in which students can earn both traditional academic and career-technical credit.

7. Document career advising provided to each student.

8. Prepare students for their transition from high school to their postsecondary destinations.

Student success plans (SSP) are developed for students identified as at risk of dropping out of school. A SSP identifies the student's chosen academic pathway to graduation and the role of career-technical and competency based education and experiential learning, as appropriate in that chosen pathway. The student's parents, guardians or custodians are invited to assist in the development of the SSP. A copy of the SSP, a statement regarding the importance of a high school diploma and the academic pathways available to the student for successful graduation is

provided to parents, guardians or custodians who do not participate in development of the student's SSP. Following SSP development, the District provides career advising aligned with the student's individual plan and the District's plan for career advising.

[Adoption date: March 10, 2015]
[Review date: September 12, 2017]

LEGAL REF.: ORC 3313.6020

CROSS REFS.: AFI, Evaluation of Educational Resources
IJ, Guidance Program
IL, Testing Programs
JK, Employment of Students

ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT

The philosophies of the Board concerning academic achievement and students' social growth and development are based on the premise that students have diverse capabilities and individual patterns of growth and learning.

The Board believes that it is important that teachers have extensive and accurate knowledge of each student in order to assess his/her needs and his/her growth and to be competent to make appropriate instructional plans for the student. Sharing of information among parent(s), teacher and student is essential.

The Board supports staff efforts to find better ways to measure and report student progress and requires the following elements.

1. Parents are informed regularly about the progress their children are making in school.

2. Parents are alerted and conferred with as soon as practicable when a child's performance or attitude becomes unsatisfactory or shows marked or sudden deterioration.

3. Insofar as possible, distinctions are made between a student's attitude and his/her academic performance.

4. At comparable levels, the District seeks consistency in grading and reporting except when such procedure is inappropriate for certain classes or certain students.

5. When no grades are given and the student is evaluated informally in terms of his/her own progress, the school staff provides a realistic appraisal of the student's standing in relation to his/her peers when requested by parents to do so.

6. When grades are given, the school's staff takes particular care to explain the meaning of marks and symbols to parents.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: OAC 3301-35-02; 3301-35-03; 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06

CROSS REFS.: AFI, Evaluation of Educational Resources
IKA, Grading Systems
IKAB, Student Progress Reports to Parents

GRADING SYSTEMS

Grading is a system of measuring and recording student progress and achievement that enables students, parents and teachers to assess strengths and weaknesses; plan an educational future for students in the areas of the greatest potential for success and know where remedial work is required.

The Board believes students respond more positively to the opportunity for success than to the threat of failure. Therefore, the District seeks in its instructional program to make achievement both recognizable and possible for students. It emphasizes achievement in its processes of evaluating student performance.

The Board recognizes that a system of grading student achievement can help students, teachers and parents to better assess progress toward personal educational goals and assist the students in implementing that progress.

The administration and certificated staff devise grading systems for evaluating and recording student progress. The records and reports of individual students are kept in a form that is understandable to parents as well as teachers. The Board approves the grading and reporting systems as developed by the faculty, upon recommendation of the Superintendent.

The Board recognizes that any grading system, however effective, has subjective elements. There are fundamental principles that must guide all instructors in the assignment of marks and achievement.

1. The achievement mark in any subject should represent the most objective measurement by the teacher of the achievement of the individual. A variety of evaluation measures are used and accurate records are kept to substantiate the grade given.

2. An individual should not receive a failing grade unless he/she has not met stated minimum requirements.

3. Grades are a factor used to motivate students. Poor or failing grades should trigger a variety of instructional and intervention activities to assist the student in achieving better grades by the next grading period, if possible.

Final decision on any grade is the responsibility of the building principal.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: OAC 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06

CROSS REFS.: IK, Academic Achievement
IKAB, Student Progress Reports to Parents

STUDENT PROGRESS REPORTS TO PARENTS

The Board believes that it is essential for parents to be kept fully informed of their children's progress in school.

Written reports are provided to parents of children in grades K through 12. Progress reports are sent to parents at the completion of each grading period. Interim reports are also required. Direct notification of parents by telephone is encouraged. Conferences with parents are used as an integral part of the reporting system.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REF.: OAC 3301-35-06

CROSS REF.: IK, Academic Achievement

HOMEWORK

As long as it is properly designed, carefully planned and geared to the development of the individual student, homework meets a real need and has a definite place in the educational program. It is not used for disciplinary purposes. The extent and type of homework given is decided by the classroom teacher within the framework of specific instructional plans.

Homework is assigned to help the student become more self-reliant, learn to work independently, improve the skills that have been developed and complete certain projects such as the reading of worthwhile books and the preparation of research papers. Home study assignments also afford a way for parents to acquaint themselves with the school program and their own children's educational progress.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: OAC 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06

PROMOTION AND RETENTION OF STUDENTS

The promotion of each student is determined individually. The decision to promote or retain a student is made on the basis of the following factors. The teacher takes into consideration: reading skill, mental ability, age, physical maturity, emotional and social development, social issues, home conditions and grade average.

Promotion procedures demand continuous analysis and study of the cumulative student case history records. Administrative guidelines must be developed and reviewed and may include the following elements.

1. A student receiving passing grades in the core courses is promoted.

2. A student having failing grades in the core courses at the end of each year is evaluated by the teachers, guidance counselor and principal for placement.

3. No conditional promotions are permitted.

4. A student having failing grades may be assigned to the next higher grade with discretion only with approval of the principal.

5. No student having passing grades, "D" or above, throughout the year is failed.

6. No student should be retained more than twice in the elementary grades, kindergarten through eighth grade.

7. Documentary and anecdotal evidence should be available to justify retention.

Any student who is truant for more than 10% of the required attendance days of the current school year and has failed two or more of the required curriculum subject areas in the current grade is retained unless the student's principal and the teachers of the failed subject areas agree that the student is academically prepared to be promoted to the next grade level.

"Academically prepared" means that the principal, in consultation with the student's teacher(s), has reviewed the student's work and records and has concluded that, in his/her judgment as a professional educator, the student is capable of progressing through and successfully completing work at the next grade level.

Any student, unless excused from taking the third grade reading assessment under Ohio Revised Code Section (RC) 3301.0711, who does not attain at least the equivalent level of achievement as required by RC 3301.0710 on the assessment, is not promoted to fourth grade unless one of the following applies:

1. The student is a limited English proficient student who has been enrolled in United States schools for less than three full school years and has had less than three years of instruction in an English as a second language program.

2. The student is a child with a disability entitled to special education and related services under RC 3323 and the student's Individualized Education Program (IEP) exempts the student from retention under this division.

3. The student demonstrates an acceptable level of performance on an alternative standardized reading assessment as determined by the Ohio Department of Education.

4. All of the following apply:

   A. The student is a child with a disability entitled to special education and related services under RC 3323.

   B. The student has taken the third grade English language arts achievement assessment prescribed under RC 3301.0710.

   C. The student's IEP or 504 plan shows that the student has received intensive remediation in reading for two school years but still demonstrates a deficiency in reading.

   D. The student previously was retained in any of grades kindergarten to three.

5. The student received intensive remediation for reading for two school years but still demonstrates a deficiency in reading and was previously retained in any of grades kindergarten to three. Students promoted under this section continue to receive intensive reading instruction in grade four. The instruction includes an altered instructional day that includes specialized diagnostic information and specific research-based reading strategies for the student that have been successful in improving reading among low-performing readers.

Intervention services are offered to students who are not making satisfactory progress toward the attainment of the statewide academic standards for their grade level.

Any student who has been retained because of results on the third grade English language assessment and who demonstrates during the academic year that he/she now is reading at or above grade level is promoted to the fourth grade pursuant to the District-level midyear promotion policy.

[Adoption date: November 17, 2015]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3301.07; 3301.0710; 3301.0711; 3301.0712; 3301.0715;
3313.608; 3313.609; 3313.6010; 3313.6012
3314.03
OAC 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06

CROSS REFS.: AFI, Evaluation of Educational Resources
IGBE, Remedial Instruction (Intervention Services)
IGBEA, Reading Skills Assessments and Interventions (Third Grade Reading Guarantee)
IGCD, Educational Options (Also LEB)

NOTE: *This policy also applies to community schools.*

Senate Bill (SB) 316 changed districts' option related to students who don't pass the Third Grade Reading Assessment. These changes go into effect for students who enter the third grade in the 2013-2014 school year.

In 2013, SB 21, made additional changes to retention and promotion practices under the Third Grade Reading Guarantee beginning with students who enter the third grade in the 2013/2014 school year. First, students may be excused from taking the assessment if they fall under an exception in Ohio Revised Code Section 3301.0711(C), which addresses alternate assessments determined by the student's individualized educational plan (IEP), delayed administration of assessments based on medical reasons or other good cause and limited English proficient students. It also extended the time in which a limited English proficient student can receive an exception to being retained from two full school years or two years of English instruction to three years for both.

ACCELERATION

The Board recognizes that all students learn and progress at different rates and that the time it takes to reach academic standards varies among students. The Board believes students should be challenged and supported to reach their full potential and that the practice of educational acceleration is used to match appropriate learning opportunities with student abilities. The goals of acceleration are to adjust the pace of instruction to the student's capabilities, provide an appropriate level of challenge by removing the barriers to accessing appropriately challenging curriculum and to reduce the time period necessary for students to complete traditional schooling.

The District uses acceleration strategies in four academic areas.

1. Whole-grade acceleration: The practice of assigning a student on a full-time basis to a higher grade level than is typical, given the student's age, for the purpose of providing access to appropriately challenging learning opportunities.

2. Individual subject acceleration: The practice of assigning a student to a higher grade level than is typical, given the student's age, for the purpose of providing access to appropriately challenging learning opportunities in one or more subject areas.

3. Early admission to kindergarten: The practice of admitting a student to kindergarten who has not yet reached the typical age at which students are admitted to kindergarten, for the purpose of providing access to appropriately challenging learning opportunities.

4. Early high school graduation: The practice of facilitating completion of the high school program in fewer than four years, for the purpose of providing earlier than typical access to post-secondary educational opportunities.

Referrals for students to be evaluated and assessed should be made to the building principal. Students referred and having parental permission are tested using a variety of assessments. The assessments are reviewed by an acceleration evaluation committee to determine the most appropriate and available learning environment for the students.

The committee issues a written recommendation to the building principal and the students' parents. Parents have the right to appeal the committee's recommendation to the Superintendent/designee.

The committee develops a written acceleration plan for any student who is admitted early to kindergarten, offered whole-grade acceleration or acceleration in one or more individual subject areas. The parents of the student are provided with a copy of the written plan.

The Board directs the administration to follow the guidelines established by the Ohio Department of Education's model acceleration policy.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3321.01
3324.01 et seq.
OAC 3301-51-15

CROSS REFS.: IGBB, Programs for Gifted and Talented Students
IKFA, Early Graduation
JB, Equal Educational Opportunities
JEB, Entrance Age (Mandatory Kindergarten)
JEBA, Early Entrance to Kindergarten
Ohio Department of Education Model Acceleration Policy for Advanced Learners
Student Handbooks

GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS

The Board desires that its standards for graduation meet or exceed the minimum standards of the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) as well as State law and, further, that our high school compares favorably with other high schools in the state that are recognized for excellence.

The requirements for graduation from high school are as follows.

District Minimum		**Statutory Graduation Requirements**	
English Language Arts	4 units	English Language Arts	4 units
Social Studies, including Civics and American History	3 units	History and government, including one-half unit of American History and one-half unit of American Government	1 unit
Science, with inquiry-based lab experience, including one unit each in Physical Science and Life Sciences and one unit in Chemistry, Physics or other physical science, Advanced Biology or other life science, Astronomy, Physical Geology or other earth or space science	3 units	Social Studies *	2 units
Math, including one unit of Algebra II or its equivalent	4 units	Science, with inquiry-based lab experience, including one unit each in Physical Science and Life Sciences and one unit in Chemistry, Physics or other physical science, Advanced Biology or other life science, Astronomy, Physical Geology or other earth or space science	3 units
Fine Arts	1 unit	Math, including one unit of Algebra II or its equivalent **	4 units
Health	½ unit	Health	½ unit
Physical Education	½ unit	Physical Education	½ unit
Electives	5 units	Electives ***	5 units
TOTAL DISTRICT MINIMUM:	**21 Units**	**TOTAL STATUTORY GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS**	**20 units**

The statutory graduation requirements also include:

1. * students entering ninth grade for the first time on or after July 1, 2017 must take at least one-half unit of instruction in the study of world history and civilizations "as part of the required social studies units";

2. ** students entering ninth grade for the first time on or after July 1, 2015 who are pursuing a career-technical instructional track may complete a career-based pathway math course approved by ODE as an alternative to Algebra II;

3. *** student electives of any one or combination of the following: foreign language, fine arts (must complete two semesters in any of grades 7-12 unless following a career-technical pathway), business, career-technical education, family and consumer sciences, technology, agricultural education or additional English language arts, math, science or social studies courses not otherwise required under the statutory graduation requirements;

4. units earned in social studies shall be integrated with economics and financial literacy and

5. passing all state-required examinations.

Summer School
Summer school credits are accepted toward graduation, provided that administrative approval has been given prior to registration for the course.

Educational Options
High school credit is awarded to students who successfully complete Board-approved educational options that count toward the graduation requirements and subject area requirements.

College Credit Plus and Postsecondary Enrollment Options
Credit is awarded for courses successfully completed at an accredited postsecondary institution. High school credit awarded for a course successfully completed under College Credit Plus, or where applicable the former Postsecondary Enrollment Options Program, counts toward the graduation requirements and subject area requirements of the District. If a course comparable to the course successfully completed is offered by the District, then comparable credit for the completed equivalent course is awarded. If no comparable course is offered, the District grants to the student an appropriate number of credits in a similar subject area.

Correspondence Courses
High school courses offered through correspondence courses are accepted for credit toward graduation only when they meet the following criteria.

1. Credits earned in correspondence schools directly affiliated with state universities are evaluated by the school administration for students who wish to qualify for graduation from high school.

2. Credits earned from correspondence schools not directly affiliated with an accredited college or university may not be applied toward graduation.

3. Credits earned from schools that have been established primarily for correspondence study, rather than an institution primarily for residence study, are not accepted toward graduation.

Course Work Prior to Ninth Grade
Student work successfully completed prior to the ninth grade is applied towards graduation credit if the course is taught by a teacher holding a license valid for teaching high school and is designated by the Board as meeting the high school curriculum requirements.

Physical Education Exemption
A student who, during high school, has participated in interscholastic athletics, marching band or cheerleading for at least two full seasons is not required to complete any physical education courses as a condition to graduate. However, the student is required to complete one-half unit, consisting of at least 60 hours of instruction, in another course of study.

Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps (JROTC) Exemption
A student who has participated in JROTC for at least two full school years is not required to complete any physical education courses as a condition to graduate. In addition, the academic credit received from participating in JROTC may be used to satisfy the one-half unit of Physical Education and completion of another course is not necessary for graduation.

Community Service
The District offers community service education, which acquaints students with the history and importance of volunteer service and with a wide range of existing community needs. Community service opportunities may be considered an elective towards graduation.

Graduation Requirements Opt Out
The District does not offer students the ability to participate in the Opt Out program.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]
[Re-adoption date: November 18, 2014]
[Re-adoption date: November 17, 2015]
[Re-adoption date: February 14, 2017]
[Re-adoption date: November 21, 2017]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3301.07(D)(3)
3313.60; 3313.6014; 3313.603; 3313.605; 3313.61
3345.06
OAC 3301-35-04
3301-16-05

CROSS REFS.: IGBM, Credit Flexibility
IGCA, Summer Schools
IGCD, Educational Options (Also LEB)
IGCH, College Credit Plus (Also LEC)
IGCI, Community Service
JN, Student Fees, Fines and Charges

NOTE: Although the minimum requirements for graduation are listed in the policy as 20 units of credit, boards are permitted to require more than 20 units in order for its students to graduate from high school and should edit this policy accordingly. District requirements should be reflected in the district minimum column.

Senate Bill (SB) 311, passed in 2006, permits boards to adopt a policy that excuses from high school physical education those students who have participated in interscholastic athletics, cheerleading or marching band for at least two full seasons. However, excused (exempted) students must complete one-half unit of at least 60 hours of instruction in another course of study in order to graduate from high school.

House Bill (HB) 290, passed in 2009, adds participation in Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps (JROTC) programs approved by the United States Congress to the list of permitted electives within the Ohio Core curriculum. Boards may also excuse (exempt) participating students from high school physical education courses if participation in JROTC is for at least two full years.

In addition, under HB 290, boards are permitted to grant high school credit for two full years of participation in JROTC without the student having to take another course of study in order to graduate from high school.

HB 487 in 2014 sets forth three diploma pathways in addition to the regular curriculum requirements. These diploma pathways appear in RC 3313.618, and apply to students entering ninth grade for the first time on or after July 1, 2014. In order to qualify for a high school diploma, eligible students must satisfy <u>at least one</u> of the following conditions: 1) be remediation-free on each of the nationally standardized assessments in English, mathematics and reading; 2) attain a

cumulative score of 18 points on the seven end-of-course examinations or 3) attain a score that demonstrates workforce readiness and employability on a nationally recognized job skills assessment and obtain either an industry-recognized credential or license issued by a state agency or board for practice in a vocation that requires an examination for issuance of that license.

HB 64 required the State Board of Education (SBOE) to adopt new rules permitting students who began ninth grade before July 1, 2014 who are subject to the Ohio Graduation Test requirements, graduation choices that incorporate these new graduation options. The SBOE adopted Ohio Administrative Code 3301-16-05, effective January 1, outlining additional assessment options for these students.

EARLY GRADUATION

The Board acknowledges that most students derive the maximum scholastic and social benefits from a four-year high school program. However, students who accelerate through the District's academic program and complete the requirements of the Ohio Department of Education are permitted to graduate early.

Early graduation is available to high school students provided they follow all of the requirements established for this purpose.

Once approval for early graduation is established, the student becomes a member of the class in the school year in which his/her graduation requirements are completed. The diploma may be given at the completion of all requirements or at the next graduation ceremony.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3313.60; 3313.603; 3313.605; 3313.61
3324.01 et seq.
OAC 3301-35-04

CROSS REFS.: IGCD, Educational Options (Also LEB)
IGCH, Postsecondary Enrollment Options (Also LEC)
IGCI, Community Service
IKEB, Acceleration
IKF, Graduation Requirements
IKFB, Graduation Exercises

GRADUATION EXERCISES

Any student having successfully completed all requirements for graduation is eligible to participate in the graduation exercises conducted by the Coldwater High School. Students participating in the ceremony must meet all graduation requirements.

1. Students must have successfully completed all requirements contained in the Ohio Revised Code and set by the Ohio Department of Education and the Coldwater Exempted Village Board of Education.

2. Students graduating early shall request participation in the graduation ceremony. Early graduates can only participate in the graduation exercises in the year of graduation.

3. All financial obligations to the District must be paid.

4. All disciplinary obligations must be satisfactorily completed.

5. Participation in graduation rehearsal is required for participation in the graduation ceremonies.

6. Students participating in the ceremony must wear the prescribed cap and gown.

7. Prior to graduation, misconduct that results in suspension or expulsion may result in denial of participation in graduation ceremonies.

Exemption from the above is at the discretion of the Superintendent and/or the high school principal.

Students whose decorum is disruptive or brings undue attention to themselves will not be awarded their diploma at the commencement exercises. They will be required to fulfill the disciplinary requirements given by the Superintendent/designee. Once the disciplinary requirements have been satisfied, the students shall receive their diplomas.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC.: 3313.20; 3313.66; 3313.661

CROSS REFS.: IKF, Graduation Requirements
IKFA, Early Graduation
JECBA, Admission of Exchange Students
Student Handbooks

TESTING PROGRAMS

The Board believes that a program of group testing can provide a meaningful source of information about the adopted curriculum and overall student achievement. Therefore, the Board authorizes a program of group testing in order to:

1. evaluate strengths and weaknesses of current curriculum and instruction and to identify areas needing change;

2. compare achievement of District students with achievement of a sample population as one means of evaluating student growth;

3. provide a degree of diagnostic instructional information to teachers about the group(s) of students with whom they work;

4. provide general information about a student's probable aptitude for school-related tasks and

5. provide one basis for a longitudinal study of student achievement and proficiency.

Information gained through the use of group tests is used to design educational opportunities for students to better meet their individual and collective needs. The Board views such information gathering as a primary function of the public schools. Individual permission of parents is not required for the administration of these group tests.

The Board recognizes that all tests provide only a limited source of information about an individual student. Information drawn from group tests is therefore used only in conjunction with all other information available about a student in advising the student or assisting the student in improving his/her work.

Each student with a disability is considered individually as to his/her participation in the testing programs.

Records of the results of group tests are maintained in accordance with the Board's policy on student records.

The administration has developed guidelines for the secure storing of testing instruments.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]
[Re-adoption date: February 14, 2017]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3301.0710 through 0713; 3301.0715; 3301.0717; 3301.0729
3319.32; 3319.321
OAC 3301-13-05
3301-35-02; 3301-35-03; 3301-35-04

CROSS REFS.: AFE, Evaluation of Instructional Programs (Also IM)
IGBA, Programs for Students with Disabilities
JO, Student Records

NOTE: A general policy on testing may cover functional literacy; if not, subcategories may be added to the Testing Programs category (code IL). To assist administrators in developing the required written testing security plan, a regulation follows this policy that details the requirements for the secure storing and administration of proficiency tests.

Senate Bill 3 (2016) sets specific statutory limits for time spent on testing and preparing for testing effective July 1, 2017. The cumulative amount of time spent on the administration of the state achievement assessments for students in grades three through eight, the end-of-course examinations required in high school under the College and Work Ready Assessment System, and any assessment required by the district or school to be administered districtwide or schoolwide to all students in a specified area or grade level now cannot exceed 2% of the school year. The cumulative amount of time used for taking practice or diagnostic assessments used to prepare for these assessments must be limited to 1% of the school year.

These limitations do not apply to the administration of assessments to students with disabilities; Advanced Placement and International Baccalaureate exams used as substitute exams for end-of-course exams in American History, American Government and Science; assessments for students who fail to attain a passing score on the third-grade English language arts assessment or additional assessments administered to students identified as gifted. The board may pass a resolution to exceed these statutory limitations. In order to pass this resolution, the board must conduct at least one public hearing on the proposed resolution prior to adoption.

TESTING PROGRAMS

In accordance with State law, the District's plan for testing security must:

1. be in writing;

2. identify, by name and title, every person authorized to be present in the assessment room or to have access to secure assessment materials;

3. specify the procedure for handling, tracking and maintaining the security of assessment materials from the time they are received by the District or school to the time they are taken to the District's central collection location and shipped to a third-party scoring contractor;

4. specify the procedure for handling, tracking and maintaining secure testing materials on site before, during and after assessment administration, including the accounting for and storing of all assessment materials;

5. specify the procedure for handling, tracking and maintaining secure testing materials after administration of the final assessment and final make-up assessment;

6. specify the appropriate procedure for investigating any alleged security violations or unethical practices, including, but not limited to, cheating by a student or any person assisting a student in cheating;

7. specify the procedure for determining whether to invalidate a student's assessment score;

8. specify that within 10 days after an investigation determining that an assessment security violation has occurred, the District will notify the director of the assessment or his/her designee in the Ohio Department of Education of such finding and

9. specify how each procedure established in accordance with the Ohio Administrative Code shall be communicated in writing and discussed every school year with all employees, students and any other persons authorized to be present during assessments or having access to secure assessment materials.

[Approval date: October 22, 2013]

EVALUATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAMS

The Board believes that accountability for student performance and progress is a shared responsibility of teachers, administrators, parents and the Board. Individual student progress and the instructional efforts of the District are evaluated systematically. It is the responsibility of the Superintendent and the instructional staff to report periodically to the Board on the progress the District is making towards the attainment of it instructional goals.

The Board directs the Superintendent to develop and implement a systematic plan for the continuous evaluation of the instructional program against the goals established by the Board. The Superintendent/designee employs such tests and methods as may be deemed appropriate in the Superintendent's/designee's sound professional judgment. The assessment program follows the evaluation procedures set forth in the courses of study and curriculum guides.

The purposes of the evaluation process are to:

1. monitor the progress of individual students;

2. identify strengths and weakness of existing instructional programs;

3. provide data for decision-making regarding additions to, modification of or deletions from the existing instructional programs;

4. report to the public the relationship between the stated instructional goals of the District and student achievement and

5. all other relevant data that the Superintendent deems necessary.

The Superintendent is instructed to remain informed relative to current research and successful practices and to employ the best and most reliable methods and measures in the evaluative process. The results of the testing programs are used as a part of the evaluation.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: OAC 3301-35-03; 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06; 3301-35-07

CROSS REFS.: AF, Commitment to Accomplishment
IA, Instructional Goals
IAA, Instructional Objectives
IL, Testing Programs

TEACHING ABOUT CONTROVERSIAL ISSUES

In the study of controversial issues, students have the right to:

1. study any controversial issue that has political, economic or social significance and concern;

2. have free access to all appropriate information, including materials that circulate freely in the community;

3. study under competent instruction in an atmosphere free from bias and prejudice and

4. form and express their own opinions on controversial issues without jeopardizing relations with teachers or the school.

The study of controversial issues should be objective and scholarly with minimum emphasis on opinion. The teacher must approach controversial issues in the classroom in an impartial and objective manner and must refrain from using classroom privileges and prestige to promote a partisan point of view.

Teachers determine the appropriateness of certain issues for consideration using the following criteria.

1. Treatment of the issue in question must be within the range, knowledge, maturity and competence of the students.

2. There should be study materials and other learning aids available from which a reasonable extent of data pertaining to all aspects of the issue can be obtained.

3. The issue should receive only as much time as is needed to consider it adequately.

4. The issue should be current, significant and relevant to the students and the teacher.

A teacher who is in doubt about the advisability of discussing certain issues in the classroom shall confer with the principal concerning the appropriateness of doing so. If discussion of an issue is not approved by the building principal, the teacher may refer the issue to the Superintendent.

If parents desire that their child be excused from participation in discussion of such material, arrangements are made to respect that request.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 2907.31
OAC 3301-35-04

CROSS REFS.: IB, Academic Freedom
KLB, Public Complaints About the Curriculum or Instructional Materials

SCHOOL CEREMONIES AND OBSERVANCES/PATRIOTIC EXERCISES

The Board believes that special recognition should be given to national holidays. The building principal should encourage a discrete observance of holidays that have become a part of the American heritage. These observances may, in some instances, be in the form of a school assembly, while in other instances they are a part of classroom work.

The Board directs the administration to develop specific activities within each building to convey the meaning and significance of Veterans Day. The observance must be at least one hour long, except in buildings that schedule class periods of less than an hour. In those buildings, the observance must be at least one standard class period in length.

Religious Holidays and Observances

The following guidelines govern the observance of, and teaching about, religious holidays in the schools.

1. The public schools must be neutral in matters of religion. The schools must show no preference for one religion over another. They must refrain from the promotion of any religion or all religions; consequently, no religious celebrations may be conducted by the public schools.

   "Religious celebration" is defined as:

   A. a formal observance, including worship or religious services of any kind, whether or not conducted by a member of the clergy. Religious observances cannot be justified by the fact that the majority of students or individuals in a given community happen to approve of the practice or by the fact that individual students may absent themselves upon parental request;

   B. the display of religious objects or symbols, except those that are integral parts of a short-term study in the curriculum, such as art, history, etc., or

   C. the presentation of religious music, except to the extent that such music is presented for its musical rather than its religious content. Songs or music programs that have significance for a particular religion should not be sung or performed in the school during the period that coincides with the community celebration of the events portrayed in the music. Festive songs that cannot be associated with a religious celebration are permitted.

2. A program or observance related to a religious holiday in theme or timing should be evaluated as to its purpose and effect. If either the purpose or the effect is judged to be religious rather than secular, the activity should not be undertaken.

3. The school should avoid any activity, display or exhibit that promotes or gives its approval to religious matters.

Patriotic Exercises

The Board does not require the daily recitation of the Pledge of Allegiance. However, the Board encourages reciting of the pledge on a regular basis as determined by the classroom teacher or building principal. The District is prohibited from preventing a teacher from having students recite the Pledge of Allegiance in the teacher's classroom.

In addition, District administrators, staff and students are prohibited from altering the wording of the Pledge of Allegiance.

The Board recognizes that beliefs of some persons prohibit participation in the pledge, the salute to the United States flag or other opening exercises. Therefore, such persons are excused from participation.

The Board prohibits the intimidation of any student by other students or staff aimed at coercing participation in reciting the pledge.

School Prayer

The Board certifies that it does not have, nor will it adopt, any policies that deny or prevent participation in constitutionally protected school prayer. This certification is submitted annually to the Ohio Department of Education.

Moment of Silence

The Board may provide for a moment of silence with participation of students for prayer, reflection or meditation upon a moral, philosophical or patriotic theme.

The Board, administrators or any District employee shall not require a student to participate in a moment of silence.

Constitution Day

On September 17 of each year, the District may participate in the celebration of Constitution Day by reciting the Preamble of the Constitution at 2:00 p.m. EST. When the 17th falls on a weekend, the day of celebration will be announced.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: U.S. Const. Amend. I, Establishment Cl.
The Elementary and Secondary Education Act; 20 USC 1221 et seq.
ORC 5.23
3313.601; 3313.602; 3313.63; 3313.80
OAC 3301-35-04

FLAG AND MOTTO DISPLAYS

State law mandates that the United States flag be displayed over, near or within all school buildings every day school is in session. The Board directs the Superintendent/designee to carry out this mandate. Penalties are assessed by the state for noncompliance.

State law requires the District to:

1. accept donated copies of the national and state mottoes, or money donated to purchase copies of mottoes, if the copies meet design requirements adopted by Board-resolution or State law and

2. display the mottoes in an appropriate manner in a classroom, auditorium or cafeteria.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3313.80; 3313.801; 3313.99
3314.03(A)(11)(h)

CROSS REFS.: IND, School Ceremonies and Observances
INDA, Patriotic Exercises

ANIMALS IN THE SCHOOLS

Recognizing there are many tools that can be used to provide a variety of productive learning experiences for students, the Board supports the concept of using animals as an educational tool.

Prior to any use of animals in the schools, the administration should contact appropriate organizations or authorities regarding resource materials and suggested learning activities that may be available to help students increase their understanding of the animal world.

All animal use in school buildings is consistent with health and safety policies established by the District. The administration is responsible for developing regulations for the care and control of the animals.

Service Animals

In compliance with Federal law, the Board permits the use of service animals in the schools for those individuals with qualified disabilities.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]

LEGAL REFS.: Individuals with Disabilities Education Act; 20 USC 1400 et seq.
Rehabilitation Act of 1973; 29 USC 794
Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008; 42 USC 12101 et seq.
28 CFR 35.136(d)
ORC Chapter 3323
Chapter 4112

CROSS REFS.: AC, Nondiscrimination
ACB, Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Disability
EBC, Emergency/Safety Plans
JFG, Interrogations and Searches

ANIMALS IN THE SCHOOLS

Prior to bringing any animal(s) into the schools, other than service animals, the building principal approves the use of the animal(s) for teaching or training of students in accordance with the following regulations.

1. Nonhuman primates, rabies vector species (including raccoons, bats, skunks, coyotes or foxes), wolves or wolf-dog hybrids, aggressive or unpredictable animals, stray animals with unknown health and vaccination history, venomous or toxin-producing spiders, insects, reptiles and amphibians, dogs, cats and ferrets that are under 16 weeks of age and dogs, cats or ferrets that are not current on rabies vaccinations are not permitted in the school building under any circumstances.

2. Ferrets, reptiles, amphibians, chicks, ducklings and hatching eggs are not permitted in classrooms with children under five years of age.

3. Students may not bring personal pets to school at any time, for any purpose.

4. In addition to all other requirements in this policy, it is permissible for the class to have one or more animals as classroom pets under the following conditions:

   A. no one is allergic to the animal;

   B. proper examinations and immunizations have been given by a veterinarian;

   C. arrangements have been made for housing the animal safely, comfortably, cleanly and in a manner that does not disrupt the classroom environment;

   D. arrangements have been made for the proper care of the animal when school is not in session and

   E. rules have been established for the handling and treatment of the animal.

5. When live animals are used as part of a study, prior approval of the building principal is required and the following rules apply:

   A. a science teacher or other qualified adult supervisor assumes primary responsibility for the purposes and conditions of the study;

   B. studies involving animals have clearly defined objectives;

C. all animals used in the studies must be acquired in accordance with law;

D. the comfort of the animal used in the study is highly regarded and

E. when animals are kept on school premises over weekends or vacation periods, adequate housing is provided and a qualified individual is assigned care and feeding responsibilities.

6. When animals are used as part of an experiment, such as dissection in a science course, the building principal/designee notifies parents so that individuals who find such activity unpleasant or objectionable may be given a different assignment.

7. Animal cages and containers are equipped with properly fitting lids and are free from excessive accumulation of animal waste.

8. Hand washing facilities are available and immediately used when animals are handled.

9. Animals are not permitted to roam in the school building, except for therapy animals or animals used for other human assistance.

10. Animals are not permitted on surfaces where food or drink is prepared or consumed.

11. All animal feed is tightly sealed and labeled in containers separate from human food.

In compliance with Federal law, the Board permits the use of service animals in the schools for those individuals with qualified disabilities. Service animals must:

1. be on a harness, leash or other tether or be under the control of the handler either through voice commands, signals or other means;

2. be housebroken and

3. be up-to-date on vaccinations.

In the rare case the animal is aggressive or disruptive and not housebroken, the school may exclude the animal.

[Adoption date: October 22, 2013]